

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project

Programme Name: EDR Silencers: Prevent, Detect and
Remediate

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MSc Project Submission Sheet
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Programme: Msc Cyber Security **Year:** 2025
Module: Practicum
Lecturer: Kamil Mahajan
Submission Due Date: 11th December 2025
Project Title: EDR Silencers: Prevent, Detect and Remediate
Word Count: 1446 **Page Count:** 7

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Configuration Manual

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1 Introduction:

This manual lays out the steps you need to install, set up, and run the WFP Block Rule Monitoring System that we developed for this project. The app works by spotting misconfigurations and any possibly harmful changes to firewall rules. It does this through checking out the Windows Filtering Platform filters and pinpointing block rules tied to specific executables. The system starts with a baseline of apps that are already blocked. Then it checks later setups against that baseline to catch any odd changes.

The guide here targets academic supervisors, system admins, and examiners. They might want to roll out or check the system in a safe test setup. That could be something like a virtual machine with Windows 10 or Windows 11 running.

2 System Requirements:

The following system requirements are necessary for the reproduction.

2.1 Operating System Requirements:

Windows 10 x 64 or later with minimum 4 gb RAM for faster processing of C++ code.

2.2 Software requirements:

- Visual Studio 2022/ Visual Studio 2026. We used 2026 for this project.
- Windows SDK version 10.0.26100.0
- C++ Development tools installed.
- Full administrator privileges for firewall and BFE access.

2.3 Windows Libraries used:

- fwpucnt.lib
- ole32.lib
- advapi32.lib

These libraries are automatically installed with Windows SDK kit.

3 Project Component:

3.1 MonitorBlockedAppsWithBaseline.exe: It is created using Visual Studio 2026 which creates a baseline of present filters in blocked state. Running it again in a loop will monitor the WFP filters for any new rule config with keyword "Block". Using BFE API it enumerates

active WFP filters and detect filters that block network access by application path. Output is group wise summarized per application.

3.2 Baseline.txt file: The BlockedAppsBaseline.txt outputs the present filters in the system with a block rule attached to it. The location is generally the E:\Project folder which can be changed according to user preferences. In this case the location was E:\PROJECT\WFPBase+Diff\MonitorBlockedAppsWithBaseline.cpp\x64\Debug\BlockedAppsBaseline.txt. It stores unique application paths for all blocked executables discovered during baseline creation. Ensure that all operation products are installed and then the baseline is created.

4 Installation and Build Instructions:

In Visual Studio 2026 create a new project and name it MonitorBlockessApps or as you prefer and import the WFPHealthMonitor.cpp submitted with the project that contains the C++ code to build the app. From the build option select Build solution to make the application. Ensure under project **properties** you have **Linker>Input** has **fwpuclnt.lib;ole32.lib; advapi32.lib** added under **additional dependencies**. The result produces WFPHealthMonitor.exe created in the working directory of the project.

Please note: Compile the code with elevated privileges

5 Configuration and Usage:

5.1 Baseline creation:

Before any further testing is done, a baseline needs to be created with will have the necessary list of all active blocked filters. User needs to ensure they have all important apps installed before creating the baseline.

From an elevated powershell prompt navigate to the location where the application exists. For e.g: E:\PROJECT\WFPHealthMonitor\ WFPHealthMonitor \x64\Debug as shown in the screenshot.

```
PS C:\Windows\system32> cd E:\PROJECT\WFPHealthMonitor\WFPHealthMonitor\x64\Debug\  
PS E:\PROJECT\WFPHealthMonitor\WFPHealthMonitor\x64\Debug>
```

Then from the same elevated command prompt run the below

```
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6  
PS C:\Windows\system32> cd E:\PROJECT\WFPHealthMonitor\WFPHealthMonitor\x64\Debug\  
PS E:\PROJECT\WFPHealthMonitor\WFPHealthMonitor\x64\Debug> .\WFPHealthMonitor.exe --create-baseline
```

This will create the base line by scanning the active WFP filters and extracting executable with block rules. Writes the unique application path into the baseline file and presents a grouped summary for verification efficiency.

```
2025-12-11 00:15:01 [INFO] Enumerated 24 BLOCK filters with ALE_APP_ID conditions.  
2025-12-11 00:15:01 [INFO] Creating baseline file: BlockedAppsBaseline.txt  
2025-12-11 00:15:01 [INFO] Baseline written with 8 unique blocked application paths to BlockedAppsBaseline.txt
```

The output will have an output similar to: “Baseline written with X blocked application paths”.

5.2 Detection Mode:

After baseline creation normal executions performs a comparison check with the baseline file. Depending on if any new block rule was created or not the application lodges output in 2 situations:

If no new configuration detected, it says “[OK] No new applications with BLOCK rules compared to baseline.”. Simultaneously if there is a new filter detected it would alert as

```
[ALERT] New applications with BLOCK rules detected since baseline:
*** NEW BLOCKED APP *** : \Device\HarddiskVolume4\Program Files\App\app.exe
```

Group summary always prints app summary with it's application path and number of block rules.

6 Automation:

The bare minimum automation can be achieved using a scheduled task that could run every day for a certain number of times in 24 hours. This will enable continuous monitoring of the WFP filters stays active. From Windows run open taskschd.msc to open the task scheduler window. Select “Create Task” > General and then select “Run whether user is logged on or not” and “Run with highest privileges”. Triggers tab> Daily or every X minutes. Action tab > “Program: MonitorBlockedAppsWithBaseline.exe” ; Start-in:<folder location to the app>”

Once done, an automatic check will be scheduled to monitor for any misconfigured WFP filter with block rule associated to it and alert the user.

Simultaneously create a powershell script named WFPAlertpopup.ps1 that will continuously monitor the event viewer application logs with source=WFPMonitor. Automate the process via task scheduler too.

More instructions will follow in the tutorial video of the project.

7 Validation:

To validate how the application is working, user can create a new firewall rule from an elevated powershell window:

```
“netsh advfirewall firewall add rule name=“Block Test App“ dir=out action=block
program=“C:\Windows\System32\notepad.exe“ enable=yes”
```

The re-run “WFPHealthMonitor.exe” app and it shall output something like this:

```
*** NEW BLOCKED APP *** :
\Device\HarddiskVolumeX\Windows\System32\notepad.exe
```

8 Limitations:

Local firewall rules maybe ignored if AllowLocalFirewallRules = False & AllowLocalPolicyMerge = False.

Central policy via GPO or Security solution may override user rules. WFP Operational Log does not reliably log firewall enforcement for all rules hence it becomes necessary to monitor

the firewall log also. Detection occurs based on a missing or unexpected block rule configuration, rather than working on packet analysis.

9 Security recommendations:

To maintain integrity of the baseline file, store in a protected location with limited access to users. Push the alerts to Windows logs and restrict write permission to System or Administrators. In future consider centralising the baseline file via SIEM forwarding.

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