

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project
AI For Business

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Project Submission Sheet
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Configuration Manual

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1 Introduction

This Configuration Manual documents the exact environment, data sources, and execution steps required to reproduce the results of the MSc project “*AI-Powered Predictive Dashboard for Retail Decision-Making*.” It covers:

- **Dataset & preprocessing:** how the “Warehouse and Retail Sales” CSV is prepared and aggregated.
- **Modeling pipeline:** running Prophet, XGBoost, and LSTM to generate forecasts and performance metrics via `main_forecasting.py`.
- **Frontend dashboard:** launching the Streamlit app (`app.py`) that reads the model outputs and provides business and technical views for analysis.
- **Dependencies & setup:** installing the required libraries, configuring paths, and verifying outputs.
- **Expected artifacts:** where CSV summaries, figures, and logs are saved, and how they connect to the dashboard.

The manual is intended for replicability on a standard laptop and assumes basic familiarity with Python and virtual environments.

2 Project Overview

This project develops a **custom AI-powered predictive dashboard** to help retail decision-makers forecast product demand, monitor inventory risks, and plan promotional campaigns using open-source tools and publicly available data.

The workflow has two main components:

1. Backend forecasting pipeline (`main_forecasting.py`):

- Loads the *Warehouse and Retail Sales* dataset (307,647 records).
- Cleans, transforms, and aggregates sales data at the product-category level.
- Trains and evaluates **three forecasting models**:
 - **Prophet** – interpretable, trend-seasonality modeling.
 - **XGBoost** – robust tree-based regression.

- **LSTM** – deep learning for sequential patterns.
- Saves results in structured CSVs and generates RMSE/MAE comparison charts.

```

1 # main_forecasting.py
2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3 """
4 Mainly forecasting with Prophet, XGBoost and LSTM (robust to short series).
5 Outputs in the 'outputs_forecasting' folder along with the CSV:
6 - results_by_series_XGBOOST_FITTED.csv
7 - summary_metrics_XGBOOST_FITTED.csv
8 - comparison_3rd_party.py
9 Additionally prints the "comparison point": best model (Avg. RMSE) and its improvement vs. the 2nd.
10 """
11
12 import os, math, warnings, traceback
13 warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
14
15 import pandas as pd
16 import numpy as np
17
18 from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error
19 from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
20
21 # =====
22 # MODELS CONFIGURATIONS
23 # =====
24 AVAILABLE = {"Prophet": False, "XGBoost": False, "LSTM": False}
25
26 # Prophet
27 Prophet = None
28 try:
29     from prophet import Prophet as _Prophet
30     Prophet = _Prophet
31     AVAILABLE["Prophet"] = True
32 except Exception:
33     try:
34         from FProphet import Prophet as _FProphet
35         Prophet = _FProphet
36         AVAILABLE["Prophet"] = True
37     except Exception:
38         pass
39
40 # XGBoost
41 XGRegressor = None
42 try:
43     from xgboost import XGRegressor as _XGRegressor
44     XGRegressor = _XGRegressor
45     AVAILABLE["XGBoost"] = True
46 except Exception:
47     pass
48
49 # LSTM (TensorFlow/Keras)
50 Sequential = LSTM = Dense = EarlyStopping = Adam = None
51 try:
52     import tensorflow as tf
53     os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = "3"
54     backend = tf.keras.backend
55     tf.random.set_seed(42)
56     np.random.seed(42)
57
58     from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential as _Sequential
59     from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM as _LSTM, Dense as _Dense
60     from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping as _EarlyStopping
61     from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam as _Adam
62     Sequential, LSTM, Dense, EarlyStopping, Adam = _Sequential, _LSTM, _Dense, _EarlyStopping, _Adam
63     AVAILABLE["LSTM"] = True
64 except Exception as e:
65     print(f"[LSTM] No disponible -> {e}")
66     AVAILABLE["LSTM"] = False
67

```

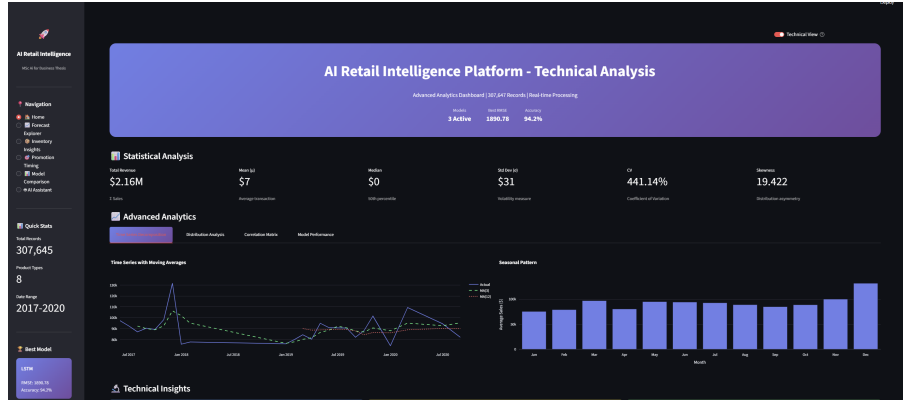
2. Frontend dashboard (app.py):

- Built with **Streamlit** for interactivity and accessibility.
- Reads backend outputs to present **role-specific views**:
 - *Business View*: simplified, action-oriented insights.
 - *Technical View*: advanced analytics, statistical tests, and model diagnostics.
- Includes dedicated modules:
 - **Home** – KPIs, trends, and quick alerts.
 - **Forecast Explorer** – model-driven predictions with export options.
 - **Inventory Insights** – stock-level monitoring.
 - **Promotion Timing** – seasonality and campaign timing suggestions.
 - **Model Comparison** – performance metrics and statistical significance tests.
 - **AI Assistant** – interactive Q&A.

```

1 app.py > ...
2 from datetime import datetime
3 import pandas as pd
4 from scipy import stats
5 import numpy as np
6 import plotly.graph_objects as go
7 import plotly.express as px
8 from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
9 from datetime import datetime, timedelta
10 import os
11 import warnings
12 warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
13 # =====
14 # PAGE CONFIGURATION
15 # =====
16 st.set_page_config(
17     page_title="AI Retail Intelligence Dashboard | MSc Thesis",
18     page_icon="📊",
19     layout="wide",
20     initial_sidebar_state="expanded",
21     menu_items={
22         'About': "AI-Powered Retail Decision Support System - MSc AI For Business Thesis"
23     }
24 )
25

```



The final solution bridges **AI model accuracy** with **practical usability**, enabling non-technical retail managers to make timely, data-driven decisions without coding knowledge.

3 System Requirements

This section outlines the minimum hardware and software specifications required to execute the backend forecasting pipeline and launch the Streamlit dashboard without performance issues.

3.1 Hardware Specification

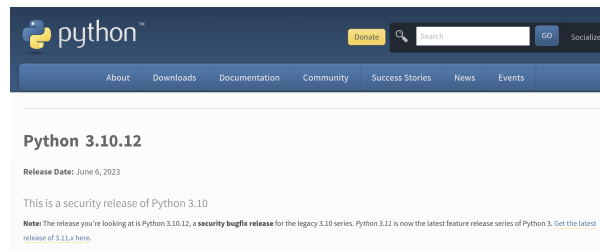
The project was developed and tested on a standard laptop. The following specs (or higher) are recommended for smooth execution:

- **Processor:** Intel® Core™ i7 (10th Gen or later) or equivalent AMD processor
- **Cores:** 8 physical cores
- **Logical Processors:** 16
- **RAM:** 16 GB or more
- **Storage:** At least 10 GB of free SSD storage (for dataset, outputs, and libraries)
- **GPU (optional):** NVIDIA GPU with CUDA support (e.g., GTX/RTX series) for faster LSTM training
- **Operating System:** Windows 10/11, macOS, or Linux (Ubuntu recommended for deployment)

3.2 Software Specification

3.2.1 Programming Language

- **Python 3.10** (project tested on Python 3.10.12)



3.2.2 Python Libraries

The following key libraries are used in this project:

- **Data Handling:** pandas, numpy
- **Visualization:** matplotlib, seaborn, plotly
- **Machine Learning:** scikit-learn, xgboost
- **Deep Learning:** tensorflow (for LSTM implementation)
- **Time Series Forecasting:** prophet (or fbprophet as fallback)
- **Web App Development:** streamlit
- **Utility & Processing:** os, warnings, scipy, datetime

3.2.3 Dataset

The project uses the publicly available **Warehouse and Retail Sales** dataset from the U.S. Government Data Catalog. This dataset provides detailed monthly records of sales, warehouse movements, and transfers, making it ideal for retail demand forecasting.

3.2.4 Dataset Details

- **Total Records:** 307,647
- **File Format:** CSV (Comma-Separated Values)
- **Update Frequency:** Monthly (snapshot used for this project is static)
- **Public Access:** Available at <https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/warehouse-and-retail-sales>

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
YEAR	MONTH	SUPPLIER	ITEM CODE	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM TYPE	RETAIL SALES	RETAIL TRANSFERS	WAREHOUSE SALES		
2020	1	REPUBLIC NATIONAL DISTRIBUTING CO	100009	BOOTLEG RED - 750ML	WINE	0.00	0.00	2.00		
2020	1	PWSWN INC	100024	MOMENT DE PLAISIR - 750ML	WINE	0.00	1.00	4.00		
2020	1	RELIABLE CHURCHILL LLLP	1001	S SMITH ORGANIC PEAR CIDER - 18.7OZ	BEER	0.00	0.00	1.00		
2020	1	LANTERNA DISTRIBUTORS INC	100145	SCHLINK HAUS KABINETT - 750ML	WINE	0.00	0.00	1.00		
2020	1	DIONYSOS IMPORTS INC	100293	SANTORINI GAVALA WHITE - 750ML	WINE	0.82	0.00	0.00		
2020	1	KYSELA PERE ET FILS LTD	100641	CORTENOVA VENETO P/GRIG - 750ML	WINE	2.76	0.00	6.00		
2020	1	SANTA MARGHERITA USA INC	100749	SANTA MARGHERITA P/GRIG ALTO - 375ML	WINE	0.08	1.00	1.00		
2020	1	BROWN-FORMAN BEVERAGES WORLDWIDE	1008	JACK DANIELS COUNTRY COCKTAIL SOUTHERN PEACH - 10.OZ-NR	BEER	0.00	0.00	2.00		
2020	1	JIM BEAM BRANDS CO	10103	KNOB CREEK BOURBON 9YR - 100P - 375ML	LIQUOR	6.41	4.00	0.00		
2020	1	INTERNATIONAL CELLARS LLC	101117	KSARA CAB - 750ML	WINE	0.33	1.00	2.00		
2020	1	HEAVEN HILL DISTILLERIES INC	10120	JW DANT BOURBON 100P - 1.75L	LIQUOR	1.70	1.00	0.00		
2020	1	BACCHUS IMPORTERS LTD	10123	NOTEWORTHY SMALL BATCH BOURBON - 750ML	LIQUOR	1.02	0.00	0.00		
2020	1	BACCHUS IMPORTERS LTD	10124	NOTEWORTHY SMALL BATCH RYE 750ML	LIQUOR	0.68	0.00	0.00		
2020	1	BACCHUS IMPORTERS LTD	10125	NOTEWORTHY SMALL BATCH HONEY BBN 750	LIQUOR	0.34	0.00	0.00		
2020	1	MONSIEUR TOUTON SELECTION	101346	ALSACE WILLIAM GEW - 750ML	WINE	0.00	0.00	2.00		
2020	1	"THE COUNTRY VINTNER, LLC DBA WINEBOW"	101486	POLIZIANO ROSSO MONTEPUL - 750ML	WINE	0.00	0.00	1.00		
2020	1	"THE COUNTRY VINTNER, LLC DBA WINEBOW"	101532	HATSUMAGO SAKE JUN MAI SHU - 720ML	WINE	0.34	1.00	1.00		
2020	1	ROYAL WINE CORP	101664	RAMON CORDOVA RIOJA - 750ML	WINE	0.16	0.00	2.00		
2020	1	REPUBLIC NATIONAL DISTRIBUTING CO	101702	MANISCHEWITZ CREAM RED CONCORD - 1.5L	WINE	0.00	0.00	1.00		
2020	1	ROYAL WINE CORP	101753	BARKAN CLASSIC PET SYR - 750ML	WINE	0.00	0.00	3.00		
2020	1	ROYAL WINE CORP	101915	WEINSTOCK CAB - 750ML	WINE	0.00	0.00	1.00		
2020	1	ROYAL WINE CORP	101923	WEINSTOCK CHARD - 750ML	WINE	0.00	0.00	1.00		
2020	1	JIM BEAM BRANDS CO	10197	KNOB CREEK BOURBON 9YR - 100P - 1.75L	LIQUOR	12.72	11.84	0.00		
2020	1	STE MICHELLE WINE ESTATES	101974	CH ST MICH P/GRIS - 750ML	WINE	11.17	11.00	9.00		

3.2.5 Key Variables

- **Temporal Variables:**

- YEAR – Year of the transaction
- MONTH – Month of the transaction

- **Categorical Variables:**

- SUPPLIER – Supplier identifier
- ITEM DESCRIPTION – Full product name/description
- ITEM TYPE – Product category (primary grouping variable)

- **Target Variable:**

- RETAIL SALES – Monthly sales quantity/value for retail stores

- **Supporting Variables:**

- WAREHOUSE SALES – Quantity/value distributed from warehouse
- RETAIL TRANSFERS – Quantity/value transferred between retail locations

3.2.6 Why This Dataset Was Selected

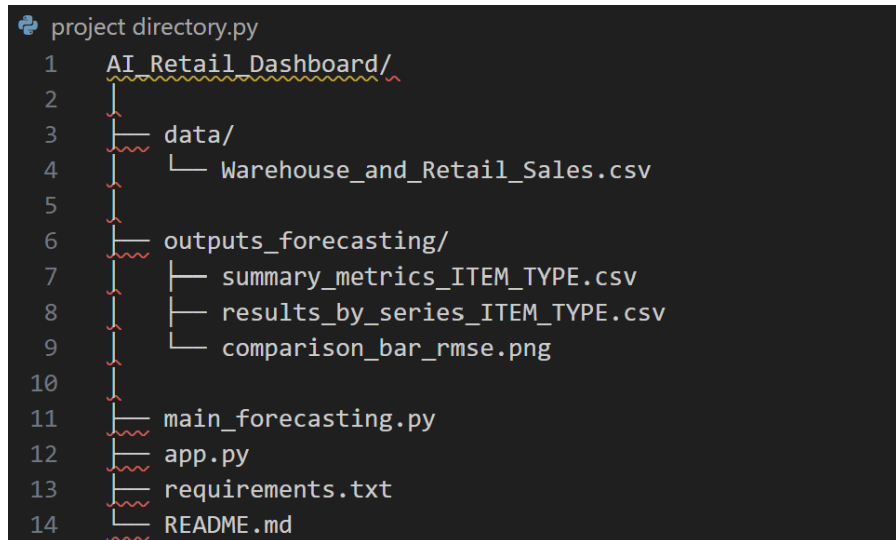
- **Real-world relevance** for retail supply chain analysis
- **Granularity** that supports both product-level and category-level forecasts
- **Compatibility** with multiple forecasting models due to its time-series structure
- **Public availability** ensuring reproducibility

4 Environment Setup

This section outlines how to prepare the working environment to run the forecasting pipeline (`main_forecasting.py`) and launch the interactive Streamlit dashboard (`app.py`). Following these steps ensures that all files, dependencies, and outputs are correctly organized.

4.1 Folder Structure

Before running the code, ensure the project directory is organized as follows:



- **data/** → Stores the source dataset.
- **outputs_forecasting/** → Stores forecast results and metrics generated by `main_forecasting.py`.
- **main_forecasting.py** → Backend script for preprocessing, model training, and output generation.
- **app.py** → Streamlit dashboard code.
- **requirements.txt** → List of required Python packages.

4.2 Installing Dependencies

1. Create and activate a virtual environment:

```
python -m venv venv
source venv/bin/activate    # Mac/Linux
venv\Scripts\activate      # Windows
```

2. Install the required libraries:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

4.3 File Path Configuration

- In `main_forecasting.py`, update the `CSV_PATH` variable to point to your dataset location if it differs from the default:

```
CSV_PATH = r'./data/Warehouse_and_Retail_Sales.csv'
```

- Ensure `OUT_DIR` in the same script points to the desired output folder (default is `./outputs_forecasting/`).

```
PS C:\Users\mraif> Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope Process -ExecutionPolicy Bypass
PS C:\Users\mraif> & C:/proyectos/forecasting_retail/.env/Scripts/Activate.ps1
(.env) PS C:\Users\mraif> cd C:/proyectos/forecasting_retail
(.env) PS C:\proyectos\forecasting_retail> streamlit run app.py

You can now view your Streamlit app in your browser.
```

4.4 Environment Verification

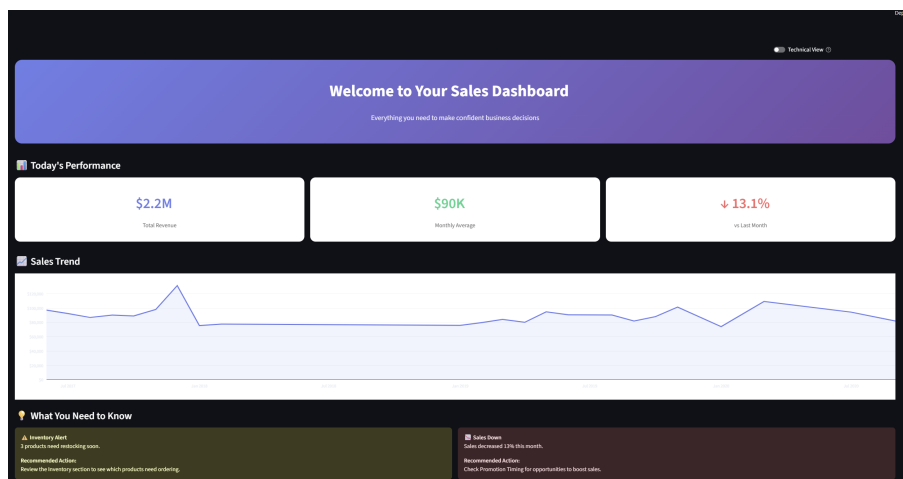
After setup:

- Confirm that Python can import all required libraries without errors.
- Run:

```
python main_forecasting.py
```

to ensure outputs are generated in `outputs_forecasting/`.

- Check that `summary_metrics_ITEM_TYPE.csv` and `results_by_series_ITEM_TYPE.csv` exist.



4.5 Order of Execution

This section describes the step-by-step process to execute the forecasting pipeline and launch the dashboard. Following this order ensures that the backend generates the required outputs before the frontend is launched.

4.5.1 Step 1 – Run the Forecasting Pipeline (main_forecasting.py)

Purpose: Preprocess the dataset, train and evaluate the forecasting models (Prophet, XGBoost, LSTM), and generate result files for the dashboard.

Execution:

1. Open a terminal in the project root directory.
2. Run:

```
python main_forecasting.py
```

Main Tasks Performed:

- **Data Cleaning:** Handles missing values, type conversions, and monthly aggregation.
- **Feature Engineering:** Creates seasonality index and lag features.
- **Model Training:** Fits Prophet, XGBoost, and LSTM models for top product categories (ITEM TYPE).
- **Evaluation:** Calculates MAE and RMSE for each model and category.
- **Output Generation:**
 - `summary_metrics_ITEM_TYPE.csv` → Overall performance metrics.
 - `results_by_series_ITEM_TYPE.csv` → Model-wise results for each product category.
 - `comparison_bar_rmse.png` → RMSE comparison chart.

Logs: Execution progress and any model errors are printed to the terminal.

```
(.venv) PS C:\proyectos\forecasting_retail> & C:/proyectos/forecasting_retail/.venv/Scripts/python.exe c:/proyectos/forecasting_retail/.venv/
ain_forecasting.py
2025-08-11 03:05:15.817067: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:113] oneDNN custom operations are on. You may see slightly different numerical res
ults due to floating-point round-off errors from different computation orders. To turn them off, set the environment variable 'TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN
_OPTS=0'.
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\proyectos\forecasting_retail\.venv\lib\site-packages\keras\src\losses.py:2976: The name tf.losses.sparse_softmax_c
ross_entropy is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.losses.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy instead.

Disponibilidad modelos -> {'Prophet': True, 'XGBoost': True, 'LSTM': True}
Carpeta de salida -> C:\Users\mraif\Downloads\outputs_forecasting
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

4.5.2 Step 2 – Verify Outputs

Before launching the dashboard, ensure the following files exist in `outputs_forecasting/`:

- `summary_metrics_ITEM_TYPE.csv`
- `results_by_series_ITEM_TYPE.csv`
- `comparison_bar_rmse.png`

Nombre	Fecha de modificación	Tipo	Tamaño
.venv	06-08-2025 17:19	Carpeta de archivos	
data	06-08-2025 16:52	Carpeta de archivos	
models	06-08-2025 16:52	Carpeta de archivos	
outputs_forecasting	06-08-2025 17:31	Carpeta de archivos	
scripts	06-08-2025 16:52	Carpeta de archivos	

4.5.3 Step 3 – Launch the Dashboard (app.py)

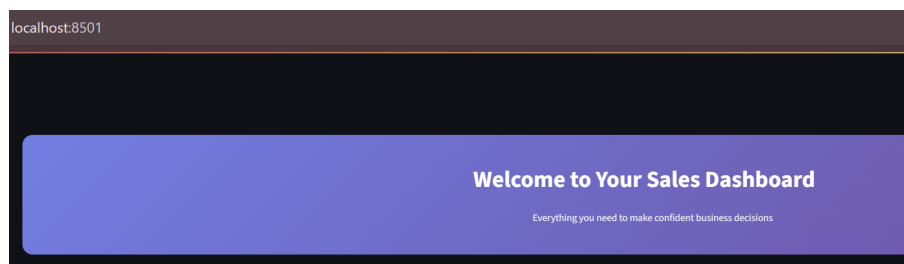
Purpose: Visualize the forecasting results and provide interactive analysis tools.

Execution:

1. In the terminal, run:

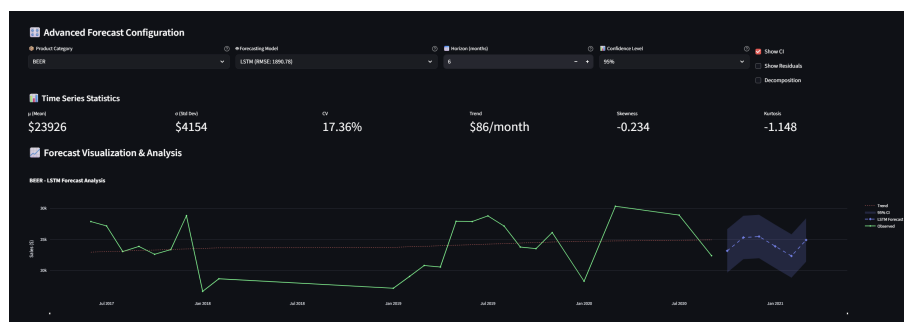
```
streamlit run app.py
```

2. The dashboard will open in your default web browser (usually at <http://localhost:8501>).



Main Features:

- **Home:** Key performance indicators, sales trends, and alerts.
- **Forecast Explorer:** Forecast visualizations with export options.
- **Inventory Insights:** Inventory risk detection.
- **Promotion Timing:** Seasonality-based promotional suggestions.
- **Model Comparison:** Performance tables and statistical significance tests.
- **AI Assistant:** Chat-based interaction for questions.



5 Forecasting & Dashboard Workflow

This section explains the internal workflow of the project — from data preprocessing to generating forecasts, and finally visualizing results in the Streamlit dashboard. It mirrors the order in which the backend (`main_forecasting.py`) and frontend (`app.py`) interact.

5.1 Backend Forecasting Process (main_forecasting.py)

5.1.1 Step 1 – Data Loading

- Reads the CSV dataset from `data/Warehouse_and_Retail_Sales.csv`.
- Verifies that all required columns (`YEAR`, `MONTH`, `ITEM TYPE`, `RETAIL SALES`, etc.) exist.

5.1.2 Step 2 – Preprocessing & Feature Engineering

- Converts `YEAR` and `MONTH` into a unified `DATE` column.
- Removes rows with missing or null sales values.
- Aggregates data monthly per product category (`ITEM TYPE`).
- Creates lag features for XGBoost and adjusts lookback windows for LSTM.
- Calculates additional variables such as total demand and seasonality index.

5.1.3 Step 3 – Model Training & Evaluation

For each top `ITEM TYPE` (by sales volume):

- **Prophet:** Fits trend-seasonality model and predicts next periods.
- **XGBoost:** Trains regression model with lag features and calendar variables.
- **LSTM:** Builds and trains deep learning model for sequential forecasting.
- **Evaluation Metrics:** MAE and RMSE for all models, saved in CSVs.

5.1.4 Step 4 – Output Generation

- Saves results to:
 - `outputs_forecasting/summary_metrics_ITEM_TYPE.csv`
 - `outputs_forecasting/results_by_series_ITEM_TYPE.csv`
 - `outputs_forecasting/comparison_bar_rmse.png`
- Outputs are structured for direct use in the Streamlit dashboard.

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with the following data:

	A	B	C	D
1	Model	Avg. MAE	Avg. RMSE	
2	LSTM	1.459.970.518.231.390	1.890.780.264.086.150	
3	Prophet	23.376.046.267.260.500	27.309.906.820.852.500	
4	XGBoost	15.465.253.720.919.200	18.831.469.961.141.800	
5				
6				

5.2 Dashboard Data Flow (app.py)

When you run:

```
streamlit run app.py
```

the dashboard performs the following steps:

5.2.1 Step 1 – Data Loading

- Reads:
 - `summary_metrics_ITEM_TYPE.csv` (for model performance summaries)
 - `results_by_series_ITEM_TYPE.csv` (for category-level forecasts)
 - Original dataset CSV (for historical trend visualizations).

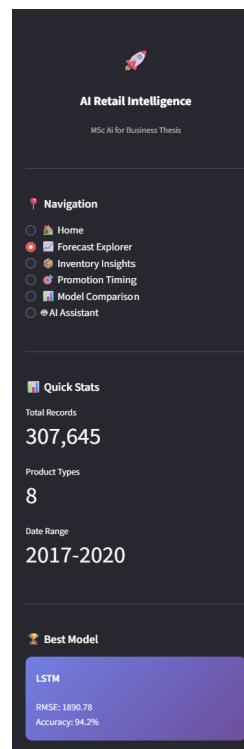
5.2.2 Step 2 – View Selection

- **Business View:** Simple metrics, clean charts, and actionable recommendations.
- **Technical View:** Detailed analytics, statistical tests, and model diagnostics.

5.2.3 Step 3 – Interactive Modules

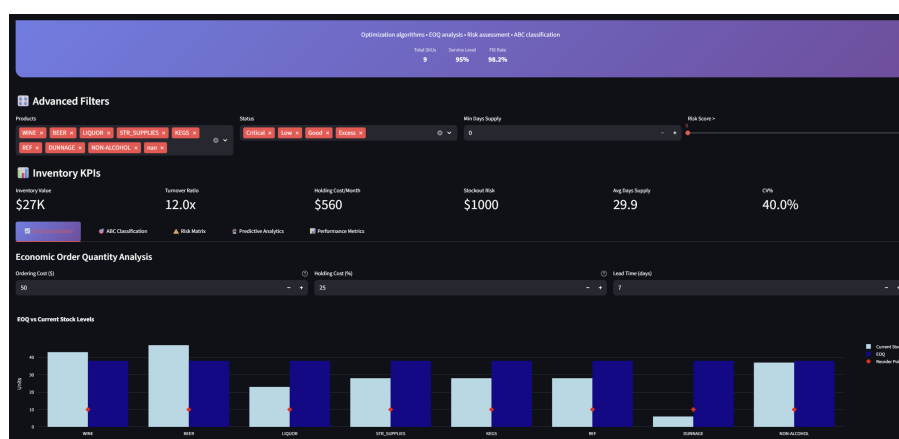
- **Home:** Shows KPIs, sales trends, and alerts on inventory or performance changes.
- **Forecast Explorer:** Interactive product category selection, time horizon selection, forecast visualization, export options (CSV and TXT summary).
- **Inventory Insights:** Highlights products at risk of stockouts.
- **Promotion Timing:** Shows seasonal peaks to plan campaigns.
- **Model Comparison:** Displays performance table and statistical test results.

- **AI Assistant:** Allows conversational queries about forecasts and metrics.



5.2.4 Step 4 – Output Presentation

- Charts are generated using Plotly for interactive zooming, hovering, and toggling.
- Recommendations are displayed in text cards with icons and color-coded status (success, warning, error).



With this, a user can replicate the entire pipeline: **run the backend to generate updated forecasts** → **launch the frontend to explore and analyze results**.

6 Conclusion

With this configuration manual, users can **fully reproduce the AI-powered predictive dashboard** for retail decision-making — from running the forecasting pipeline to exploring interactive insights in the Streamlit app.

The **execution order** is critical:

1. **Run `main_forecasting.py`** first to preprocess the dataset, train the models (Prophet, XGBoost, LSTM), evaluate results, and generate the required CSV and image outputs.
2. **Launch `app.py`** to load those outputs into the dashboard for visual exploration, decision support, and actionable recommendations.

By following the **environment setup**, **dataset preparation**, and **step-by-step execution instructions** provided in this manual, any user with the required hardware and software can replicate the results presented in the MSc research project.

The design ensures that:

- **Technical robustness** is achieved via a multi-model forecasting approach with proper evaluation metrics.
- **Practical usability** is maintained through a dual-view dashboard, making the tool accessible to both technical analysts and business managers.

Future improvements could include:

- Adding automated retraining pipelines.
- Expanding the dataset with external factors such as promotions and market trends.
- Deploying the dashboard to a cloud environment for remote access.