

# Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project  
MSc AI for Business

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**MSc Project Submission Sheet**  
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# Configuration Manual

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## 1 System Set up

This project integrates a rule-based CRM prototype built in Airtable with machine learning models developed in Google Colab. The purpose of this manual is to provide all details required to replicate the system.

**Airtable:** Base for rule-based CRM prototype.

**Google Colab:** Notebook environment with Python 3 runtime.

**Python Libraries:**

- pandas, numpy, scikit-learn, matplotlib, seaborn, tensorflow

## 2 Data Preparation

The dataset includes customer IDs, OCEAN personality trait scores (Openness, Conscientiousness, Extraversion, Agreeableness, Neuroticism), and CRM journey labels. Use this code in Google Colab to upload, clean, and prepare the dataset for model training and evaluation.

```
import pandas as pd
import io

# Load dataset
df = pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['UPDATEDCRM.csv']))

# Drop duplicate header row and reset index
df = df.drop(index=0).reset_index(drop=True)

# Rename columns for clarity
df.columns = [
    'Customer_ID', 'Openness', 'Conscientiousness', 'Extraversion',
    'Agreeableness', 'Neuroticism', 'Assigned_Journey',
    'AI_Journey_Formula', 'Match', 'CRM_Record_ID',
    'AI_Journey_Encoded'
]

# Remove missing values
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

Now, the dataset is uploaded, does not have duplicate headers, no missing values and it's reformatted with consistent column names.

## 3 Airtable Prototype Configuration

The Airtable prototype was designed to simulate customer journey mapping based on personality traits and compare it to traditional CRM systems.

### Steps to Configure Airtable

1. Create a new Airtable Base and import the dataset.
2. Add formula fields to assign journeys based on OCEAN scores. Example formula:

```
IF(AND({Extraversion} > 60, {Openness} > 60), "Extrovert CRM Flow",
IF(AND({Extraversion} < 40, {Neuroticism} > 60), "Introvert CRM Flow",
IF({Agreeableness} > 70, "VIP Loyalty Flow",
IF({Neuroticism} > 70, "Low Engagement Nurture Flow",
"Standard CRM Flow"))))
```

3. Create a comparison field to highlight whether AI-generated journeys match traditional assignments or if there is a different customer journey as an account of using the dominant OCEAN Trait:

```
IF({Assigned Journey} = {AI Journey Formula}, "✓ Same", "✗ Different")
```

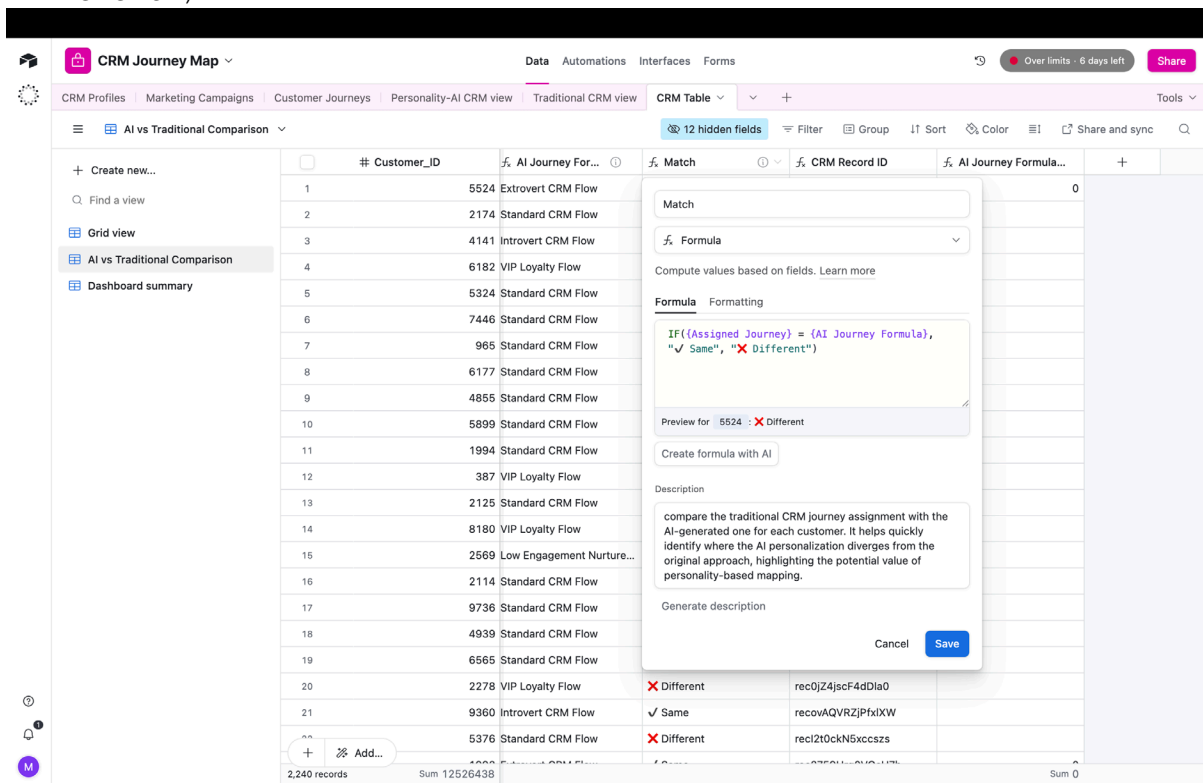


Figure 3. Airtable comparison view of AI vs traditional CRM journeys using the match formula

Build multiple views to analyze and compare customer journeys:

- Traditional CRM View: Displays journeys assigned using the original rule-based approach (loyalty versus standard journey)
- Personality-AI CRM View: Displays assigned journeys through personality-based AI logic
- AI vs Traditional Comparison View: Places both assignments side by side and flags matches or differences

#	Customer_ID	Purchases	NumWebVisitsMonth	Response	Assigned Journey	Journey Logic
1	4198	3	6	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
2	9292	7	2	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
3	8545	10	1	1	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
4	10402	3	8	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
5	8318	8	1	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
6	6637	7	1	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
7	3717	6	3	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
8	4086	2	8	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
9	4702	4	8	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
10	6327	6	1	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
11	4426	6	7	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
12	2429	8	2	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
13	3308	4	4	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
14	2669	6	2	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
15	2727	6	3	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
16	9216	3	6	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
17	7990	3	6	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
18	938	2	8	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey
19	4611	13	3	1	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
20	2088	12	2	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
21	9499	7	5	0	Loyalty Journey	Loyalty Journey
22	3578	6	6	0	Standard Journey	Standard Journey

Figure 2. Airtable dataset structure with traditional crm assigned journeys

Customer_ID	# Extraversion	# Agreeableness	# Neuroticism	Assigned Journey
1743	48	66	26	Innovator CRM Flow
4690	48	89	56	Standard CRM Flow
5527	48	49	81	Standard CRM Flow
10936	48	73	53	VIP Loyalty Flow
9760	48	58	60	VIP Loyalty Flow
773	48	57	56	Standard CRM Flow
8614	48	88	35	Low Engagement Nurt...
123	48	88	21	Innovator CRM Flow
6049	48	57	28	VIP Loyalty Flow
236	48	83	27	Standard CRM Flow
10032	48	74	85	Innovator CRM Flow
5788	48	82	21	Standard CRM Flow
3885	48	49	44	Standard CRM Flow
3783	48	59	89	Innovator CRM Flow
7532	48	44	80	Standard CRM Flow
1139	48	62	71	VIP Loyalty Flow
10855	48	62	21	Standard CRM Flow
3403	48	34	63	VIP Loyalty Flow
5429	48	68	64	Innovator CRM Flow
961	48	47	66	Standard CRM Flow
7023	48	37	35	Innovator CRM Flow
9703	48	29	41	Standard CRM Flow

Figure 3. Airtable dataset structure with OCEAN traits and assigned journeys

## 4 Machine Learning Models in Colab

Two models were implemented in Google Colab to evaluate the effectiveness of AI-driven personalization: a Random Forest Classifier and a Convolutional Neural Network.

## Feature Selection and Split

```
X=df[['Openness','Conscientiousness','Extraversion',
'Agreeableness','Neuroticism']] y = df['AI_Journey_Encoded']

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

This code selects the five OCEAN traits as features, encodes the target journey labels, and splits the dataset into training and test sets for evaluation.

## Random Forest Classifier

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report

rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

y_pred = rf_model.predict(X_test)
print("Random Forest Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

This trains a Random Forest Classifier on the training data and evaluates its accuracy and classification performance on the test set.

## Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Normalize features
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)

# Build CNN model
cnn_model = Sequential([
    Dense(64, activation='relu', input_shape=(X_train_scaled.shape[1],)),
    Dropout(0.3),
    Dense(32, activation='relu'),
    Dense(len(y.unique()), activation='softmax')
])

cnn_model.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

# Train model
history = cnn_model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train, epochs=30,
validation_split=0.2, verbose=1)

# Evaluate
```

```
test_loss, test_acc = cnn_model.evaluate(X_test_scaled, y_test,
verbose=2)
print("CNN Test Accuracy:", test_acc)

# Plot accuracy graph
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation
Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

This code trains a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) to classify customer journeys using OCEAN personality trait scores. It prepares the data through normalization, defines the CNN architecture with hidden layers and dropout for regularization, compiles the model, and runs training for 30 epochs.

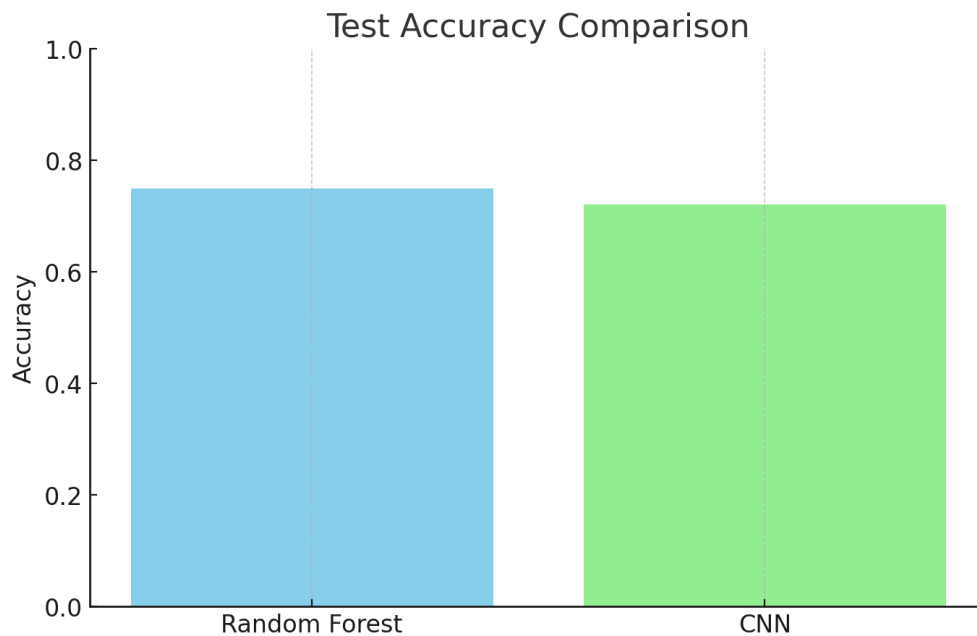


Figure 4: comparison of RF and CNN on its model accuracy

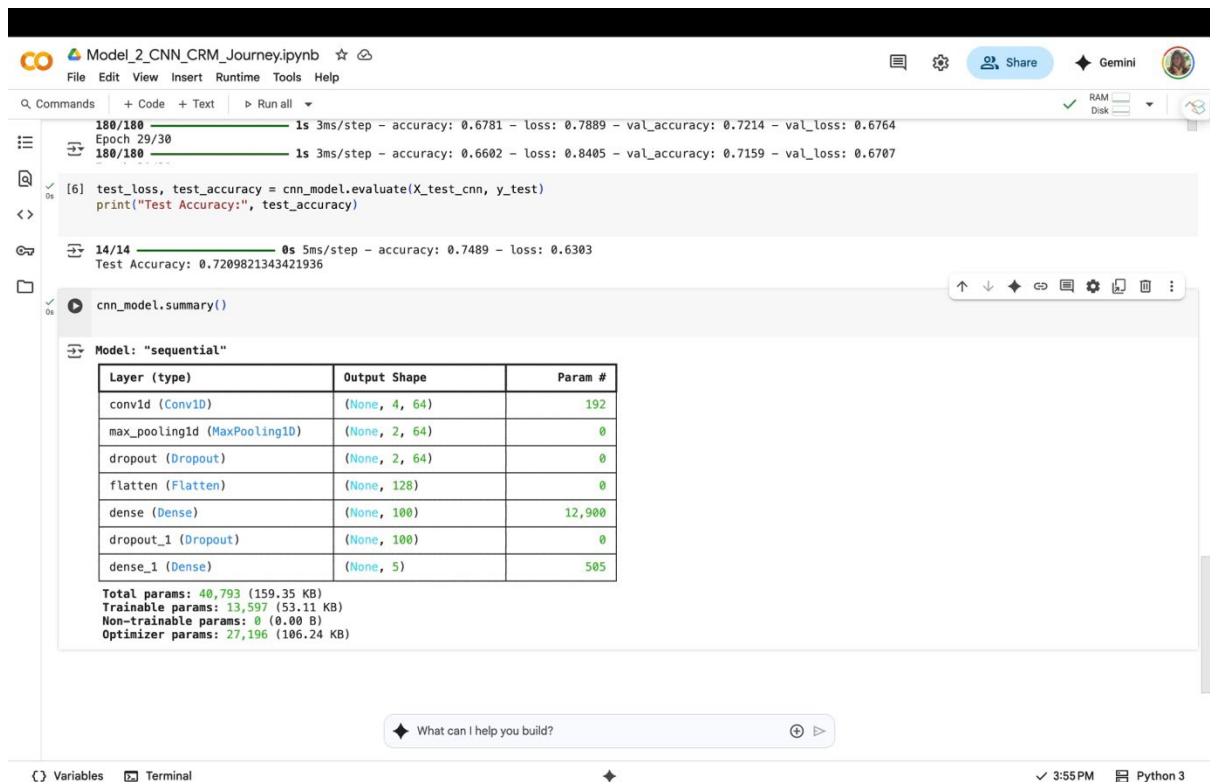


Figure 5: CNN Model Architecture and Test Accuracy

## 4. Conclusion

This configuration manual provides a guide to replicating the personality-based CRM prototype developed for this research. It outlines the setup of both the Airtable rule-based system and the Google Colab machine learning models, including all required libraries, data preparation steps, and execution instructions