

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project MSc Data Analysis

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MSc Project Submission Sheet

School of Computing

Student Name:	Nishika Gala	
Student ID:	X22214062	
Programme:	MSc Data Analysis Year: 2023-24	
Module:		
Lecturer: Submission Due Date:	12 th August 2024	
	Utilizing machine learning for predictive analysis and optimizing restautant operations	
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Signature:	Nishika Gala	
Date:	12 th August 2024	
PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS AND CHECKLIST		
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Configuration Manual

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- 1. System Configuration
- 1.1 Operating System
- Recommended: Ubuntu 20.04 LTS or Windows 10/11
- Supported: macOS 10.15 or later, Windows 7/8
- 1.2 Hardware Requirements
 Processor: Intel Core i5 or AMD Ryzen 5 equivalent or higher
 Memory: Minimum 8 GB RAM (16 GB or higher recommended)
 Storage: At least 100 GB free space on SSD

- 1.3 Software ConfigurationPython: Version 3.8 or higherJupyter Notebook: Installed via Anaconda or pipIDE: (Optional) Visual Studio Code, PyCharm
- 2. System Requirements
- 2.1 Required Software
- Python: Python 3.8 or higher (Anaconda distribution recommended) Jupyter Notebook: Available via the Anaconda distribution or install
- separately using pip
- Git: Version control system for managing your project
- 2.2 Python Environment Setup

- To set up the Python environment, follow these steps:
 1. Install Anaconda: Download and install the [Anaconda distribution (https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual).
- 2. Create a Virtual Environment:

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- 3. Install Required Libraries: Once inside the environment, install the required libraries.
- 3. Python Libraries

Ensure the following Python libraries are installed in your environment:

pip install pandas numpy matplotlib seaborn scikit-learn tensortlow keras xgooost jupyterlab

- pandas: For data manipulation and analysisnumpy: For numerical computationsmatplotlib & seaborn: For data visualization

- scikit-learn: For machine learning algorithms
- tensorflow & keras: For deep learning models
 xgboost: For gradient boosting algorithms
 jupyterlab: For working with Jupyter Notebooks

4. Dataset

4.1 Dataset Description

- The dataset used for this thesis focuses on restaurant operations, including customer demographics, sales, inventory, and employee performance data. - Example datasets:
- Sales Data: Date, Time, Order ID, Items Sold, Sales Amount, Customer ID Customer Data: Customer ID, Age, Gender, Visit Frequency, Spending

- Inventory Data: Item ID, Item Name, Stock Level, Supplier, Cost

- Employee Data: Employee ID, Name, Position, Shift Hours, Performance Score

4.2 Dataset Sources

Publicly available datasets from sources like Kaggle

4.3 Loading the Dataset Load the dataset using pandas:

```python import pandas as pd

sales\_data = pd.read\_csv('sales\_data.csv') customer\_data = pd.read\_csv('customer\_data.csv')
inventory\_data = pd.read\_csv('inventory\_data.csv')
employee\_data = pd.read\_csv('employee\_data.csv')

## 5. Data Preprocessing

5.1 Data Cleaning

All the data is combined into one common dataset to begin the project. Data is cleaned and not required columns were dropped from the data frame

5.2 Feature Engineering

-Create New Features (e.g., Total Sales Per Customer):

sales\_data['Total\_Sales\_Per\_Customer'] = sales\_data.groupby('Customer\_ID')['Sales\_Amount'].transform('sum')

5.3 Data Normalization/ScalingStandard Scaling:

python

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

scaler = StandardScaler() scaled\_data = scaler.fit\_transform(sales\_data[['Sales\_Amount', "Total\_Sales\_Per\_Customer']])

### 6. Data Analysis

```
6.1 Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
- Summary Statistics:
 python
 sales_data.describe()
- Visualizations:
 - Sales Trends:
 python
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 sales_data.groupby('Date')['Sales_Amount'].sum().plot()
plt.title('Daily Sales Trend')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Total Sales')
 plt.show()
 - Customer Segmentation:
 python
 import seaborn as sns
 sns.scatterplot(x='Age', y='Total_Sales_Per_Customer', data=customer_data)
 plt.title('Customer Segmentation by Age and Spending')
 plt.show()
6.2 Correlation Analysis
- Identify Relationships:
 python
 correlation_matrix = sales_data.corr()
 sns.heatmap(correlation matrix, annot=True)
 plt.title('Correlation Matrix')
 plt.show()
7. Model Training and Testing
7.1 Splitting the Data
- Train-Test Split:
 python
 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
 X = sales_data[['Age', 'Visit_Frequency', 'Total_Sales_Per_Customer']]
y = sales_data['Sales_Amount']
X_{train}, X_{test}, y_{train}, y_{test} = train_{test_split}(X, y, test_{size}=0.2, random_{state}=42)
7.2 Model Selection
- Choosing the Right Model: Experiment with models like Linear Regression,
Random Forest, and XGBoost.
 python
 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
 model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

7.3 Model Evaluation

- Evaluate Model Performance:

```
```python
 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
 predictions = model.predict(X_test)
 mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)
r2 = r2_score(y_test, predictions)
 print(f"Mean Squared Error: {mse}")
 print(f"R2 Score: {r2}")
7.4 Model Optimization - Hyperparameter Tuning:
    python
 from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
param_grid = {'n_estimators': [100, 200, 300], 'max_depth': [10, 20, 30]} grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator=model, param_grid=param_grid, cv=5)
 grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
 best_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
7.5 Model Deployment
Saving the Model:
    python
 import joblib
 joblib.dump(best_model, 'restaurant_sales_predictor.pkl')
- **Loading the Model**: ```python
 loaded_model = joblib.load('restaurant_sales_predictor.pkl')
```