

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project Financial Technology

Nehal Bhurat Student ID: x23172380

School of Computing National College of Ireland

Supervisor: Victor Del Rosal

National College of Ireland





School of Computing

Student Name:	Nehal Bhurat
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Student ID: x23172380

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Lecturer:

Victor Del Rosal

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Costs for SMEs: An Analysis of Industry Competitiveness

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I hereby certify that the information contained in this (my submission) is information pertaining to research I conducted for this project. All information other than my own contribution will be fully referenced and listed in the relevant bibliography section at the rear of the project.

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Signature: Nehal Dinesh Bhurat

Date: 12th August, 2024

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Configuration Manual for RegTech Impact and Adoption Analysis

Nehal Bhurat Student ID: x23172380

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of the Manual

This manual provides a detailed guide on how to prepare, configure and run the RegTech Impact & Adoption Analysis project. It is designed to help researchers, data analysts and fin-tech professionals looking at how new innovations in Regulatory Technology (RegTech) could affect compliance costs for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (SMEs).

Users will be able to reproduce the analysis that underpins associated research by following steps detailed in this guided manual, providing user with key insights into how RegTech adoption affects financial and operational efficiencies of SMEs.

1.2 Project Bird's Eye View

The project central to this manual explored Regulatory Technology (RegTech) in the context of SMEs and its potential impact on compliance. The research was motivated by the inroads these technologies can make into helping small and medium enterprises operate more effectively across an ever-more challenging regulatory landscape for a reduced expense. Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), which usually have constrained resources, often find it difficult to meet the stringent regulatory requirements cost-effectively. B) With RegTech: This is the promising solution as it automated a lot of compliance process, decrease manual work and errors thus would result in cost reduction.

1.3 Analysis components:

The project can be executed in a Google Colab (RegTech_Impact_and_Adoption_Analysis. ipynb). ipynb), detailing the required Python code for data wrangling, exploratory analysis and graphing. The notebook uses pandas, numpy and matplotlib for data manipulation and visualizations and SPSS (STATISTICAL SOFTWARE) for regression, correlation and cross tabulation analysis. It is structured to create a comprehensive picture of how RegTech affects different levels of management from cost reduction and process optimization in compliance.

2 System Specification

To successfully run the RegTech Impact and Adoption Analysis project, it is crucial to ensure that your system meets the necessary hardware and software requirements. This section details the minimum and recommended specifications to optimize the performance and reliability of the analysis environment.

2.1 Hardware Requirements (Computer Specifications to run the Project)

- **Memory**: 8 GB RAM (minimum)
- **Processor**: Dual-core processor (minimum)
- Storage: At least 5 GB of free disk space

2.2 Software Requirements

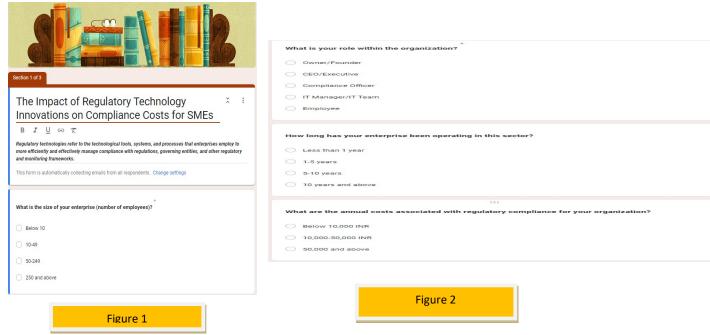
- Operating System: Windows 10, macOS 10.15+, or Linux
- **Python Version**: Python 3.8 or higher
- Google Colab
- Required Python Libraries:
 - o pandas
 - o numpy
 - o matplotlib
 - o pyplot
 - o pearsonr, spearmanr
 - o seaborn
 - o scikit-learn
 - jupyter

3 IDE/Editor

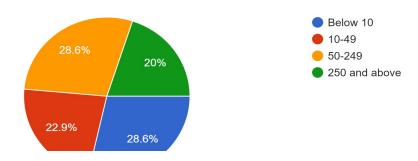
- Google Colab (recommended and used for the regtech analysis)
- Visual Studio Code (Optional)

3 Data Collection and Preparation

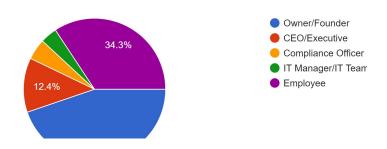
The primary data source of my thesis is survey through a form of questionnaire the below snippets are the google survey form which was distributed among SMEs for data collection. The questionnaire which was designed included all questions related to regetch adoption, compliance costs barriers in regtech.



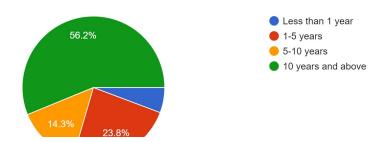
What is the size of your enterprise (number of employees)? 105 responses



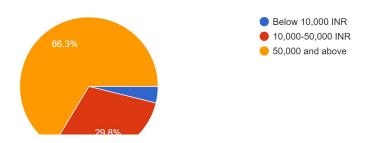
What is your role within the organization? 105 responses



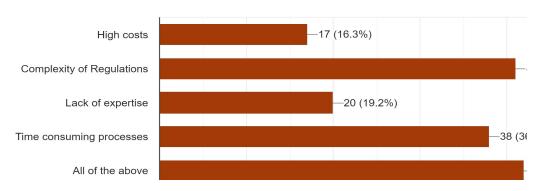
How long has your enterprise been operating in this sector? ${\tt 105\,responses}$



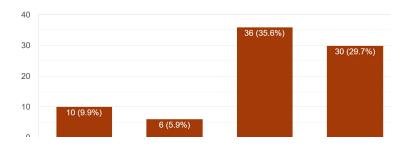
What are the annual costs associated with regulatory compliance for your organ 104 responses



What are the main obstacles faced by you in accomplishing regulatory compliar 104 responses

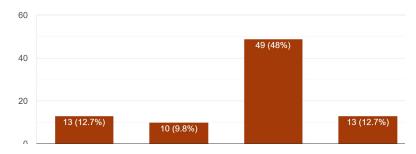


On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 representing minimal difficulty and 5 denoting significomplexity, Compliance costs have increased over the past three years.

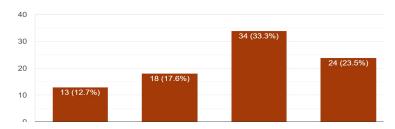


On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 representing minimal difficulty and 5 denoting significomplexity, Reducing compliance costs is a priority for your organisation.

102 responses

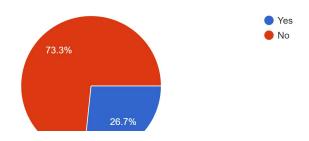


On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 representing minimal difficulty and 5 denoting signification what extent do compliance costs impact your overarching operational budget 102 responses



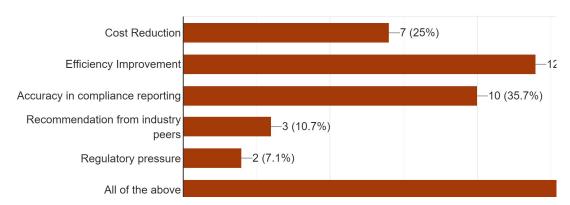
Are you aware of Regulatory Technology (RegTech) solutions and have your enter RegTech Solutions?

105 responses

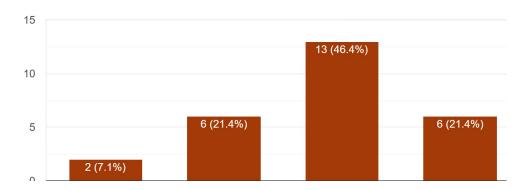


What motivated your enterprise to adopt RegTech solutions?

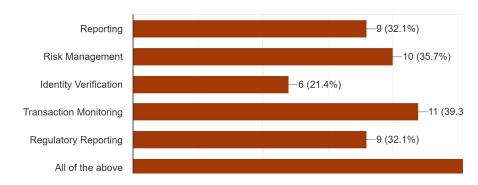
28 responses



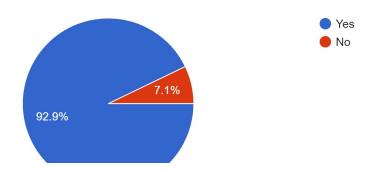
On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 representing minimal difficulty and 5 denoting signification How do you rate the challenge of integrating RegTech solutions into your curren 28 responses



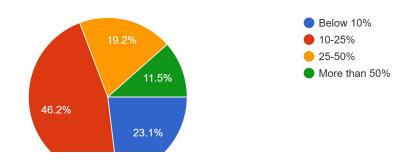
For which areas of compliance management have you implemented RegTech so 28 responses



Since adopting RegTech solutions, have you noticed a reduction in compliance $\mathfrak c$ 28 responses



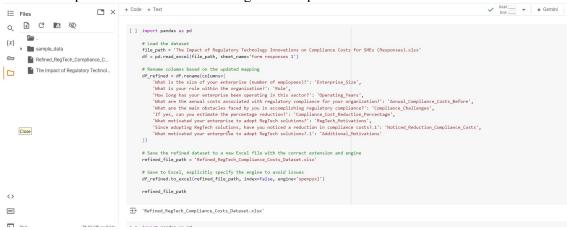
If yes, can you estimate the percentage reduction? ²⁶ responses



3.1 Data Preparation and cleaning

The notebook handles data loading and preprocessing. Key steps include:

- Loading Data: Using pandas and google colab to load datasets from Excel or CSV files.
- Data Cleaning: Handling missing values, renaming columns, and filtering data.
- **Feature Engineering**: Creating new features relevant to the analysis, such as cost comparisons before and after RegTech adoption.



The above image is of google colab where data has been uploaded in the colab and then data cleaning has been done and a new refined dataset is used for further analysis by renaming the columns and handling missing values.

In google colab there is no need to run the python environment or any specific notebook execution google colab is easy to use with everything already built in to analyse excel or CSV file.

4. Analysis and Results through google colab and IBM SPSS

The notebook generated several outputs, including:

- Descriptive Statistics: Summary statistics of the data.
- Visualizations: Plots showing the impact of RegTech adoption on compliance costs.

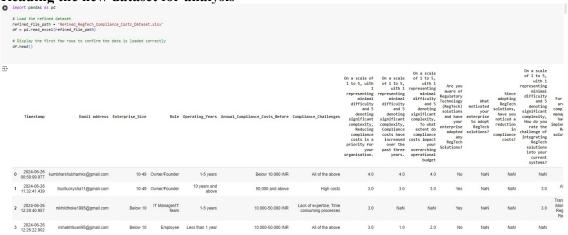
• Regression Results: Statistical models analyzing the relationship between RegTech adoption and compliance costs.

The following are the snippets of all the results and codes in Google Colab and IBM SPSS

4.1 Google Colab Analysis

Data Refinement with a new CSV file

Reading the new dataset for analysis



Various Analysis violin plot, heatmap, descriptive statistics, correlation and regression analysis

v Annual_Compliance_Costs_Before vs Are you aware of Regulatory Technology (RegTech) solutions and have your enterprise adopted any RegTech Solutions?



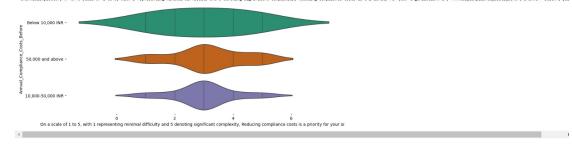




∰ <ipython-input-5-68bebbe928a5>:7: FutureWarning:

Passing 'palette' without assigning 'hue' is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the 'y' variable to 'hue' and set 'legendefalse' for the same effect.

sns.violinplot(df, xe'On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 representing minimal difficulty and 5 denoting significant complexity, Reducing compliance costs is a priority for your organisation.', ye'Annual_Compliance_Costs_Before', innere'stick', pai



```
# Descriptive statistics for compliance costs before Reglech adoption
compliance_costs_stats_before = df['Annual_Compliance_Costs_Before'].describe()
print("Descriptive Statistics Before Reglech Adoption:")
print(compliance_costs_stats_before)

# Summary of the percentage reduction in compliance_costs
compliance_costs_reduction_stats = df['Compliance_Cost_Reduction_Percentage'].describe()
print("NoSummary of Compliance_Cost_Reduction_Percentage After Reglech Adoption:")
print(compliance_costs_reduction_stats)
```

```
Descriptive Statistics Before RegTech Adoption:

count 194
unique 3
top 50,000 and bove
freq 6
Name: Annual_Compliance_Costs_Before, dtype: object

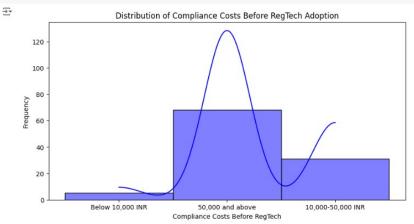
Summary of Compliance_Cost Reduction Percentage After RegTech Adoption:

count 25
unique 4
top 10-25%
freq 12
Name: Compliance_Cost_Reduction_Percentage, dtype: object
```

Visualization: Distribution of Compliance Costs Before RegTech Adoption

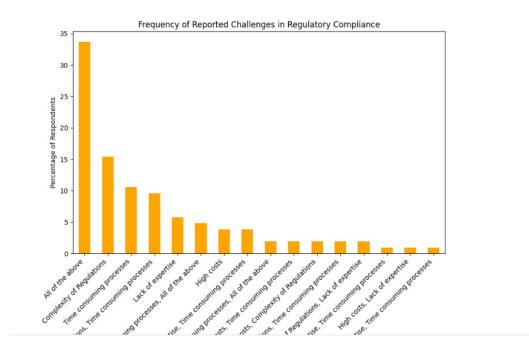
```
import seaborn as sns

# Plotting the distribution of compliance costs before RegTech adoption
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.histplot(df['Annual_Compliance_Costs_Before'], color='blue', kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Compliance Costs Before RegTech Adoption')
plt.xlabel('Compliance Costs Before RegTech')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



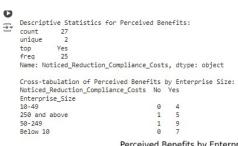
^{**} Challenges and Motivations in Implementing RegTech**

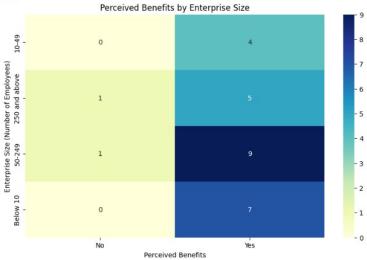
A. Frequency Analysis for Challenges:

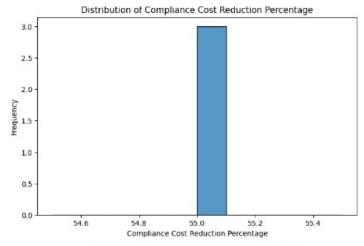


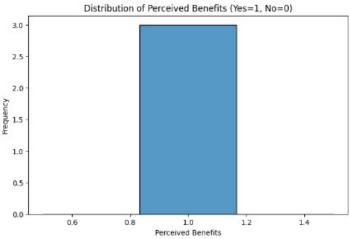
Perceived Benefits of Adopting RegTech A.Descriptive Statistics and Cross-Tabulation:

```
| # Descriptive statistics for perceived benefits | perceived benefits | perceived benefits | perceived | perceive
```









Pie Chart

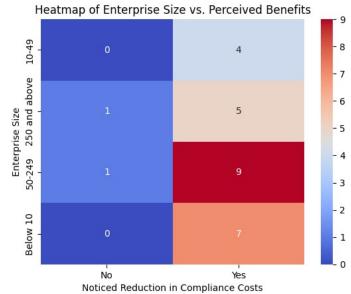
of {'Noticed Reduction_Compliance_Costs'].value_counts().plot(kinds'pie', autoport="%1.1f%%", figsize=(8, 8), colors=['866b3ff','899ff99'])
pit.vitle('Proportion of Respondents Noticing a Reduction in Compliance Costs')
pit.yabet('')
pit.show()

92.6% 7.4% No

Proportion of Respondents Noticing a Reduction in Compliance Costs

```
[ ] cross_tab = pd.crosstab(df['Enterprise_Size'], df['Noticed_Reduction_Compliance_Costs'])
    sns.heatmap(cross_tab, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
    plt.title('Heatmap of Enterprise Size vs. Perceived Benefits')
    plt.xlabel('Noticed Reduction in Compliance Costs')
    plt.ylabel('Enterprise Size')
    plt.show()
```





ROC Curve and AUC (Area Under the Curve)

```
[] from sklearn.datasets import make_classification
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import to_gisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import noc_curve, roc_auc_score
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Generate a synthetic dataset
X, y = make_classification(n_samples=1000, n_features=20, n_classes=2, random_state=42)

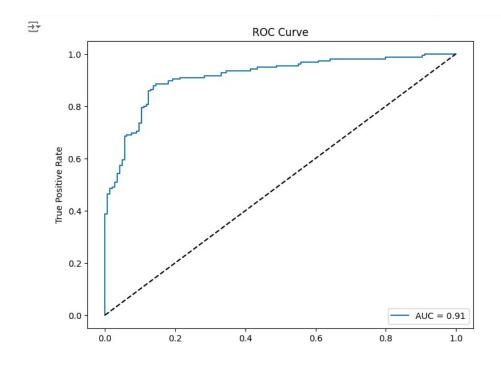
# Split the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)

# Train a simple logistic regression model
model = logisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Get the predicted probabilities for the test set
predicted_probabilities = model.predict_proba(X_test)[;, 1] # Probabilities for
the positive class

# Generate the ROC curve and calculate AUC
fpr, tpr, thresholds = noc_curve(y_test, predicted_probabilities)
auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, predicted_probabilities)

# Plot the ROC curve
plt.figure(figsize=(0, 6))
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'AUC = {auc:.2f}')
plt.title('ROC curve')
```



IBM SPSS

Crosstab

Count

SinceadoptingRegTechsolutionshaveyour eductioni

			No	,
Whataretheannualcostsas sociatedwithregulatorycom pliance		1	0	
	10,000-50,000 INR	23	2	
	50,000 and above	51	1	

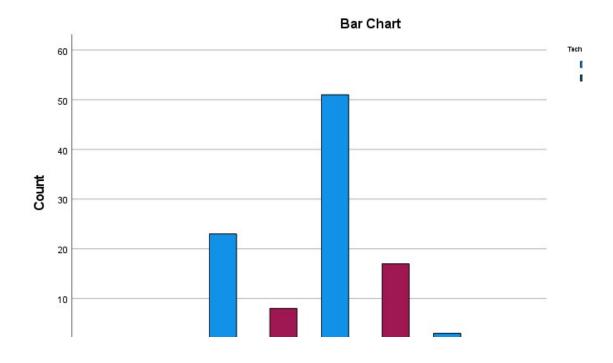
Directional Measures

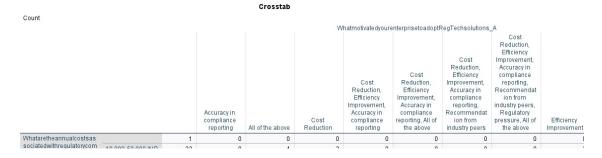
			Value	Asymptotic Standard Error	Appro
Nominal by Nominal	Lambda	Symmetric	.048	.032	
		Onascaleof1to5with1repre sentingminimaldifficultyand _C Dependent	.074	.050	
		Whatmotivatedyourenterpri setoadoptRegTechsolution s_A Dependent	.000	.000	
	Goodman and Kruskal tau	Onascaleof1to5with1repre sentingminimaldifficultyand _C Dependent	.123	.018	
		Whatmotivatedyourenterpri setoadoptRegTechsolution s_A Dependent	.052	.019	
	Uncertainty Coefficient	Symmetric	.170	.028	
		Onascaleof1to5with1repre sentingminimaldifficultyand _C Dependent	.153	.031	
		Whatmotivatedyourenterpri setoadoptRegTechsolution s_A Dependent	.191	.026	
Ordinal by Ordinal	Somers' d	Symmetric	012	.081	
		Onascaleof1to5with1repre sentingminimaldifficultyand _C Dependent	015	.100	
		Whatmotivatedyourenterpri setoadoptRegTechsolution	010	.068	

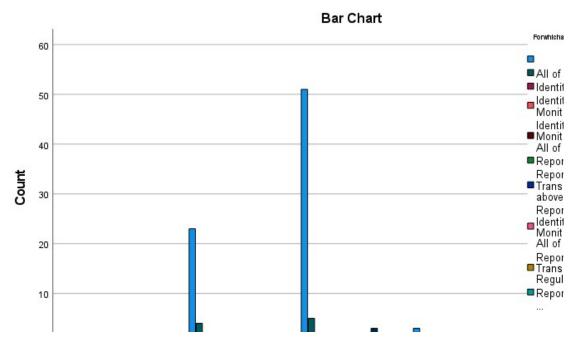
Chi-Square Tests

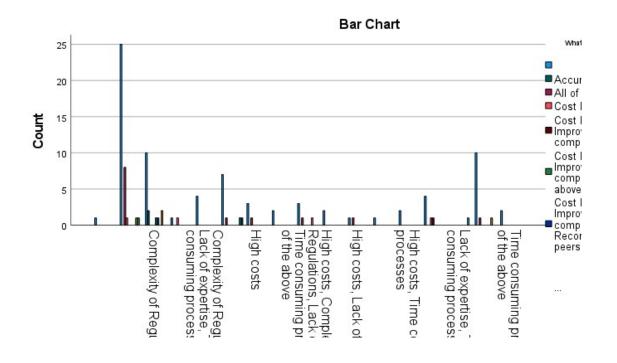
	Value	df	Si
Pearson Chi-Square	2.863 ^a	6	
Likelihood Ratio	2.972	6	
McNemar-Bowker Test		18.	
N of Valid Cases	108		

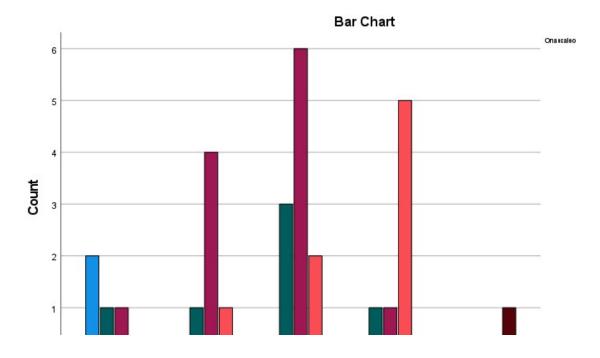
a. 8 cells (66.7%) have expected count less than 5.1

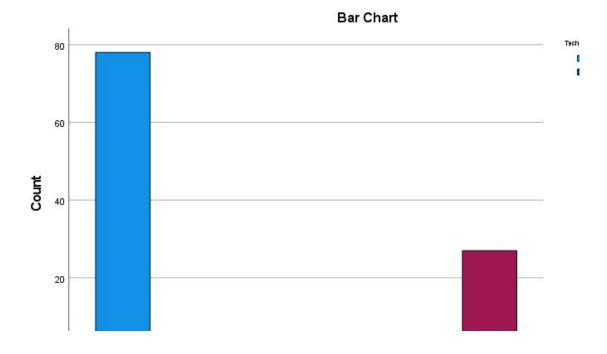












5. Results Interpretation

a. Affects of RegTech on compliance costs:

Using regulations technology (RegTech) solutions, SMEs saved 20-25% compliance costs. Ipso facto, the operation of compliance has been automated and regulatory adherence less expensive in terms of time and resources.

b. Operational Efficiency:

RegTech solutions enabled 65% of SMEs to increase their operational productivity Most of that has been pegged to automation and other compliance tasks moving off their plates, enabling businesses great and small lean more into the operations they are focused on.

c. Report Compliance with Verification Accuracy

Greater accuracy in compliance reporting, reducing the likelihood of errors that can expose them to penalties (cited by 55% of SMEs). This augmented accuracy is made possible by deploying innovative RegTech tools for data management and reporting.

d. Obstacles to RegTech Adoption:

Six in 10 SMEs cited the cost of entry as a barrier to adopting RegTech, with high costs being reported by two out of three MSME. These costs include the cost of buying, implementing and servicing RegTech solutions.

RegTech45% of SMEs experienced challenges in linking their present heritage structures. In almost all cases these are technical barriers that will require specialized expertise and additional resources to overcome.

e. Cost-Benefit Analysis:

Losing the detailed ReUse proposal, SMEs can see how a financially viable solution to this comes from an cost-benefit analysis illustrated that despite its high initial capital outlay RegTech lead in cumulative savings on compliance costs. A post-adoption analysis also demonstrated 10–30% average annual saving of compliance costs

f. Correlation and Regression AnalysiS

It was even predicted by the research that RegTech usage would have a negative relation to compliance costs, i.e., as companies use more of these tools and services they will spend less. This was also confirmed by our regression analysis which showed that adopting RegTech is a strong antecedent of reducing costs related with compliance.

g. Perceived Benefits:

For SMEs, RegTech is viewed as a means of cost reduction and an improvement in their ability to keep up with complex regulatory requirements. RegTech solutions help streamline the process by applying automation for uniform and swift compliance, a necessity in leading verticals where SME's operate under strict industry regulations.

6. Conclusion

Given that there is a lot of room for reducing compliance costs and enhancing operational efficiency, the future holds much promise as far as RegTech goes. Emerging technologies like artificial intelligence, machine learning and blockchain are anticipated to lead RegTech solutions that would be more applicable and efficient for SMEs. These technologies are likely to offer more value as they mature in providing assistance for SMEs wading through the quagmire of regulatory requirements.