

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project MSc in Cybersecurity

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MSc Project Submission Sheet

School of Computing

Student Name:	Ketki Shekhar Jakatdar		
Student ID:	x22152229		
Programme:	MSc in Cybersecurity Year: 2	2023-2024	
Module:	MSc Research Practicum Part 2		
Lecturer: Submission	Prof. Vikas Sahni		
Due Date:	12/08/2024		
Project Title:	Leveraging X.509 Certificates and OAuth for optimized us and VCs in Constrained IoT Devices		
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Configuration Manual

Ketki Shekhar Jakatdar X22152229

1 Introduction

This document provides detailed specifications and guidelines for the tools, software, and hardware used in the implementation of the research project. The research aimed to innovate a secure and efficient solution that leverages Decentralized Identifiers (DID) and Verifiable Credentials (VC) along with ACE-OAuth and X509 certificates, to authenticate and authorize users trying to access constrained IoT devices. The purpose of this manual is to enable others to accurately recreate the project by providing all necessary links, commands, and step-by-step instructions along with screenshots. All the necessary URLs to READme pages or to download the tools, are added as footnotes in the document.

2 System Configuration

Here, detailed specifications of the system used for the implementation is given. *Table 1* outlines the hardware and Operating System (OS) configuration, while *Table 2* lists the software tools and their respective versions installed on the system.

Table 1: Hardware and OS specification

Specification	Details
Processor	Intel Core i5-1335US
RAM	8GB
Storage	512GB SSD
Operating System (OS)	Microsoft Windows 11 Home

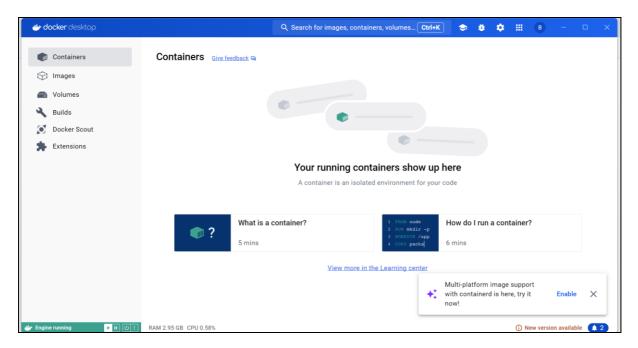
Table 2: Tools and their versions installed

Tool	Version
Python	3.12.5
PHP	8.3.9
Composer	2.7.7
Apache	2.4.62 (Win64)
Docker Desktop	26.1.4
VS Code	1.92.0 x64
Git	2.45.2.windows.1
MySQL Workbench	8.0.38 (64 bits) community
Postman	v11.7.0
Burp Suite	v2024.5.5
Wireshark	4.2.6
OpenSSL	3.3.1 4
Node.js	v20.16.0
Express/NPM	10.8.1
TypeScript	5.5.4
MySQL Workbench	8.0.38

3 Installation and Setup

3.1 Hyperledger Aries-Cloudagent-Python

- First, download and install Python 3.12.5 from HERE¹.
- Download and install Git 2.45.2 Standalone Installer for Windows from HERE².
- Download and install Docker Desktop from HERE³. Upon successful installation, the app will open home screen like below:



• To run the Hyperledger Aries-Cloudagent-Python project on docker, we need a VON network which is basically a Hyperledger Indy public ledger sandbox. Follow the "*Building and Starting*" steps from HERE⁴.

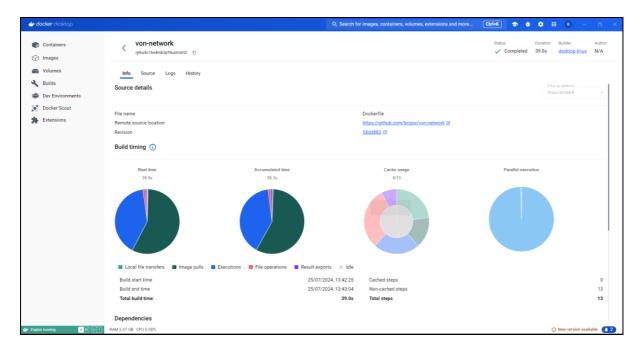
¹ https://www.python.org/downloads/

² https://git-scm.com/download/win

³ https://www.docker.com/products/docker-desktop/

 $^{^{4}\,\}underline{https://github.com/bcgov/von-network/blob/main/docs/UsingVONNetwork.md\#building-and-starting}$

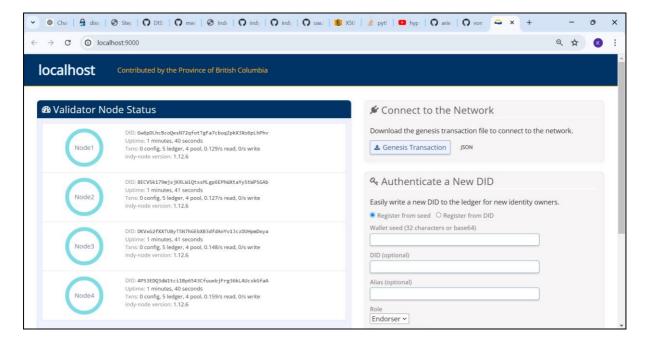
 Once build is successful, the network container can be seen on Docker Desktop like below:



Once the ledger runs with this command

./manage build

you can check the ledger at - http://localhost:9000



• After public ledger is up and running, open a git bash terminal and git clone the Hyperledger Aries-Cloudagent-Python repo with below commands –

git clone https://github.com/hyperledger/aries-cloudagent-python cd aries-cloudagent-python/demo

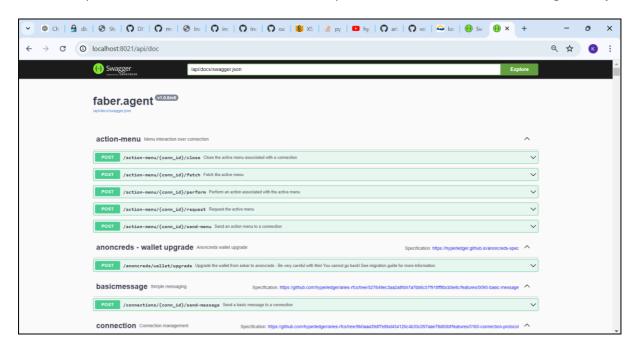
 Open another git bash terminal and change to this demo folder. Run the Faber agent with command –

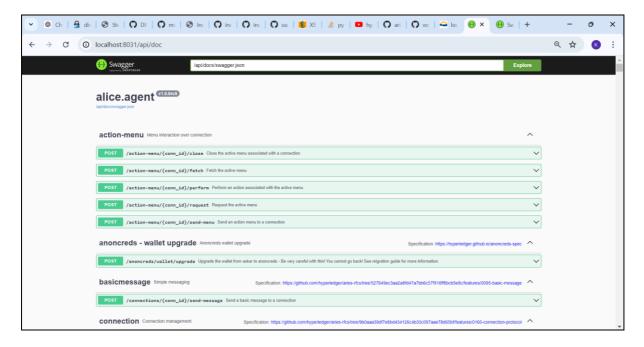
./run_demo faber

 Open a 3rd git bash terminal and change to this demo folder. Run the Alice agent with command –

./run_demo alice

• Once both agents are running, their admin consoles are accessible on browser at - http://localhost:8021/ (Faber) and http://localhost:8031/ (Alice) respectively.

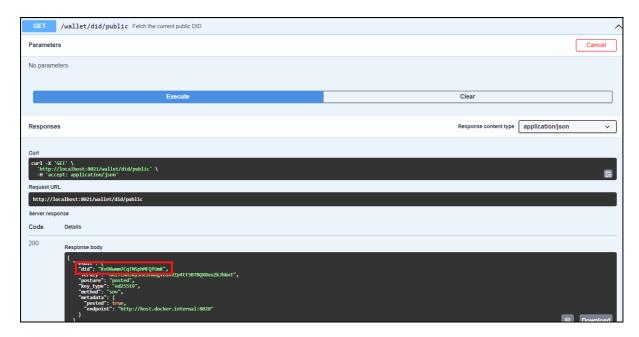




• Since we are using the demo scripts, Faber has already registered its public DID on the ledger, created a schema and a credential definition and registered them on the ledger.

• First get Faber's public DID from endpoint –

GET /wallet/did/public



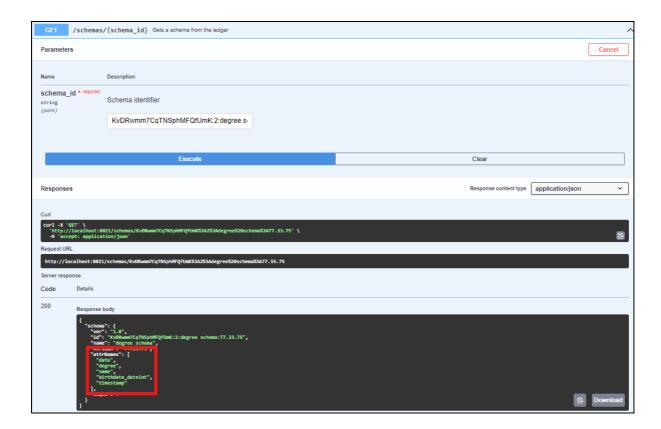
• The schema can be retrieved from below endpoints –

GET /schemas/created



• Note this schema id and paste it in endpoint below endpoint to get the schema:

GET /schemas/{schema_id}



• Similarly get credentials definition:

GET /credential-definitions/created



GET /credential-definitions/{cred_def_id}

3.2 ACE-OAuth server

- Download and install Composer v2.7.7 from HERE⁵.
- The standard OAuth server is available HERE⁶. To modify this standard server into ACE-OAuth server, we first need to setup Apache because we need to enable Server Name Indication (SNI) and it cannot be done on built-in PHP server which comes with the standard OAuth server. Unzip the given artifact, extract the "httpd-2.4.62-240718-win64-VS17" directory and place it at location "C:/" location.
- All the necessary changes in the files *httpd.conf*, *httpd-vhosts.conf*, *httpd-ssl.conf* along with SSL certificates and SNI configuration, is present in this directory.
- Download and Install Visual Studio Code IDE 1.92.0 x64 from HERE⁷.
- Clone the standard OAuth server using below commands:

mkdir oauth2-server-1 cd oauth2-server-1 git clone https://github.com/bshaffer/oauth2-server-php.qit -b main

• From the extracted artifact, copy and paste the files from "oauth2-server-1" folder to below locations in the newly created directory.

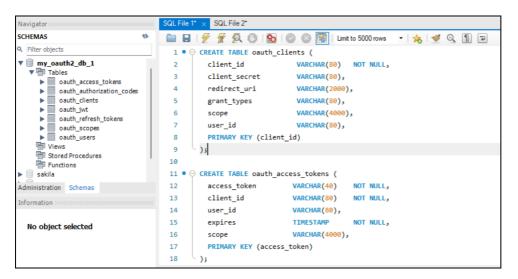
⁵ https://getcomposer.org/download/

⁶ https://github.com/bshaffer/oauth2-server-php

⁷ https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/setup/windows

File name	Relative path location
server.php	\oauth2-server-1\oauth2-server-php\
token.php	\oauth2-server-1\oauth2-server-php\
Config.php	\oauth2-server-1\oauth2-server-php\src\OAuth2\
DIDGrant.php	\oauth2-server-1\oauth2-server-php\src\OAuth2\GrantType\

- Download and install MySQL Workbench 8.0.38 from HERE⁸.
- Open MySQL Workbench app and create a new schema "my_oauth2_db_1". Select the schema and paste the commands available from HERE⁹ under the "Define your Schema" section and hit Run.



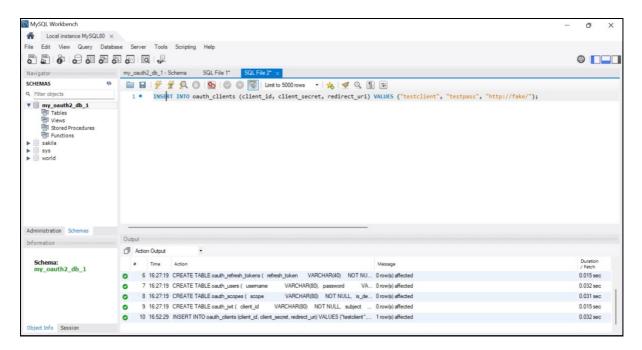
• Run the following command to create an OAuth test client:

INSERT INTO oauth_clients (client_id, client_secret, redirect_uri)
VALUES ("testclient", "testpass", "http://fake/");

-

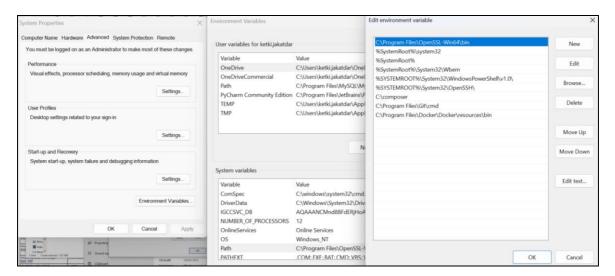
⁸ https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/windows/installer/

⁹ https://bshaffer.github.io/oauth2-server-php-docs/cookbook/



3.3 OpenSSL

- Download and install OpenSSL v3.3.1 from HERE¹⁰.
- After finishing the installation, add the path of bin folder in PATH environment variable and System variable.



3.4 Resource Server (Printer)

- Download Node.js and NPM installer from HERE¹¹.
- Initialize a new Node.js project with below command. This will create a "package.json" file with default values. Next install express.

¹⁰ https://slproweb.com/products/Win32OpenSSL.html

¹¹ https://nodejs.org/en/download/prebuilt-installer

npm init -y npm install express typescript ts-node-dev @types/node @types/express

```
PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar> cd C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server
PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server> npm init -y
Wrote to C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server\package.json:

{
    "name": "resource-server",
    "version": "1.0.0",
    "main": "index.js",
    "scripts": {
        "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
    },
    "keywords": [],
    "author": "",
    "license": "ISC",
    "description": ""
}
PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server> npm install express typescript ts-node-dev @types/node @types/express
    npm warn deprecated inflight@1.0.6: This module is not supported, and leaks memory. Do not use it. Check out lru-cache if you want a good and tested way to coalesce async requests by a key value, which is much more comprehensive and powerfu
    l.
    npm warn deprecated rimraf@2.7.1: Rimraf versions prior to v4 are no longer supported
    npm warn deprecated glob@7.2.3: Glob versions prior to v9 are no longer supported
    added 137 packages, and audited 138 packages in 21s

20 packages are looking for funding
    run 'npm fund' for details

found 0 vulnerabilities
```

• Install necessary packages for json handling

npm install express ejs body-parser jsonwebtoken npm install -save-dev @types/jsonwebtoken

```
PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server> npm install express ejs body-parser jsonwebtoken added 26 packages, and audited 164 packages in 2s

22 packages are looking for funding run 'npm fund' for details

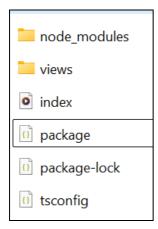
found 0 vulnerabilities

PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server> npm install --save-dev @types/jsonwebtoken added 1 package, and audited 165 packages in 2s

22 packages are looking for funding run 'npm fund' for details

found 0 vulnerabilities
```

• Move the "*index.ts*" and "*tsconfig.json*" files from the "*Resource Server*" directory from the artifact provided, into your current directory. The folder structure should look something like this:



• Install typescript globally

npm install -g typescript

PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server> npm install -g typescript added 1 package in 2s

3.5 Postman (client), Wireshark, Burp Suite

- Download and install Postman v11.7.0 from HERE¹². Create & login with a test account.
- Download and install Wireshark 4.2.6 version from HERE¹³. Launch the app.
- Download and install Burp Suite v2024.5.5 from HERE¹⁴. Open the app with temporary project and click Start.

4 Implementation

4.1 Issue DID & VC to Alice from Faber

• Get Faber's connection id –

GET /connections

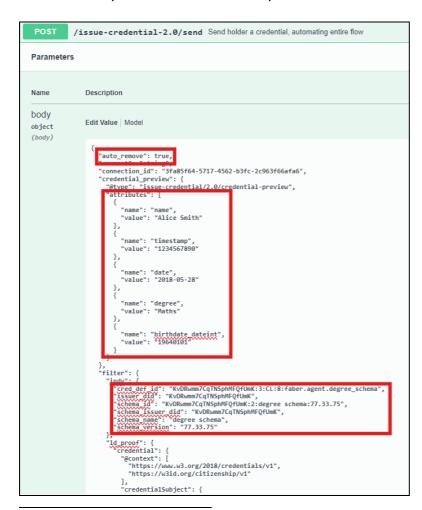
¹² https://www.postman.com/downloads/

¹³ https://www.wireshark.org/download.html

¹⁴ https://portswigger.net/burp/releases/professional-community-2024-5-5

• Issue Credential (DID & VC). From Faber agent modify the JSON file like below: (Get the attributes from HERE¹⁵)

POST /issue-credential-2.0/send



¹⁵ https://aca-py.org/latest/demo/AriesOpenAPIDemo/#faber-issuing-the-credential

• Move to Alice's agent in gitbash. Alice agent's scource code automatically handles the credential issuance request. It first receives the credential offer, responds to it with a request to Faber, Faber receives the request and finally offer the credentials.

```
Connect duration: 0.14s
Waiting for connection...

Alice | Connected
Alice | Check for endorser role ...

Connect duration: 0.53s
Alice | Credential: state = offer-received, cred_ex_id = 08b2d69b-194d-4562-9645-4d7742e51247

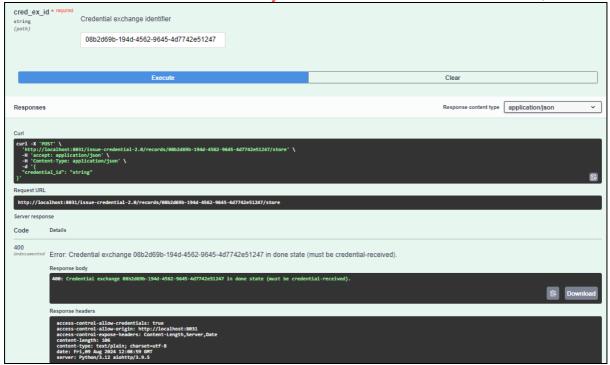
#15 After receiving credential offer, send credential request
Alice | Credential: state = request-sent, cred_ex_id = 08b2d69b-194d-4562-9645-4d7742e51247
Alice | Credential: state = credential-received, cred_ex_id = 08b2d69b-194d-4562-9645-4d7742e51247
```

• Now, Alice needs to save the credentials in her wallet. On Alice Swagger UI get 'cred_ex_id' from the endpoint –

GET /issue-credential-2.0/records

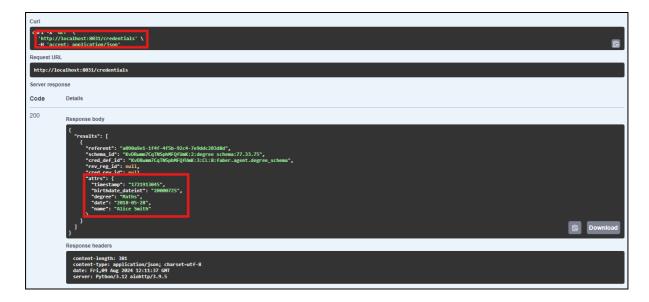
POST /issue-credential-2.0/records/{cred_ex_id}/store

As Alice's credentials were already store in wallet received error. Otherwise, no error.



To confirm the credentials were stored –

GET /credentials



• Go to Faber agent's terminal. It received confirmation that the credentials were received and accepted.

```
#13 Issue credential offer to X
Faber | Credential: state = offer-sent, cred_ex_id = 8c16ea4a-07aa-423d-b3e9-447bdb1d835b
Faber | Credential: state = request-received, cred_ex_id = 8c16ea4a-07aa-423d-b3e9-447bdb1d835b
#17 Issue credential to X
Faber | Credential: state = credential-issued, cred_ex_id = 8c16ea4a-07aa-423d-b3e9-447bdb1d835b
Faber | Credential: state = done, cred_ex_id = 8c16ea4a-07aa-423d-b3e9-447bdb1d835b
```

4.2 Generate proof embedded X509 certificates

All the files created in this step are provided in the artifact under "*Certificates*" folder. Below steps were executed to create all these files.

- 4.2.1 X509 certificate with custom extensions for Alice
 - 1. Set Up Certificate Authority (CA)
 - Generate CA private key

Create CA cert

```
ketki.jakatdar@Ketki MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Thesis/Code/Certificate/With_ext
$ openssl req -x509 -new -key ca.key -days 365 -out ca.crt
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:IR
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Dublin
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Dublin
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:NCI
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:Cybersecurity
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:CA
Email Address []:bengeller142618@gmail.com
```

2. Generate Alice's Certificate

• Generate Alice's key

• Create "csr.cnf" like below. Ensure the CN=localhost. Other values can be different.

```
[req]
distinguished name = req distinguished name
req extensions = req ext
prompt = no
[req_distinguished_name]
C = IR
ST = Dublin
L = Dublin
O = NCI
OU = Cybersecurity
CN = localhost
[req ext]
subjectAltName = @alt names
extendedKeyUsage = clientAuth
[alt names]
DNS.1 = localhost
```

• Generate CSR.

```
ketki.jakatdar@Ketki MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Thesis/Code/Certificate/With_ext
$ openssl req -new -key alice.key -out alice.csr -config csr.cnf
```

- 3. Create a Custom Configuration File for Extensions
- Create "*ext.cnf*" like below:

```
default_bits = 2048
prompt = no
default md = sha256
distinguished_name = dn
req_extensions = v3_req
[ dn ]
C = IR
ST = Dublin
L = Dublin
O = NCI
OU = Cybersecurity
CN = localhost
[ v3 req ]
basicConstraints = CA:FALSE
keyUsage = digitalSignature, keyEncipherment
subjectAltName = @alt_names
# Custom extensions with key-value pairs
1.3.6.1.4.1.12345.1 = ASN1:UTF8String:DID: 4zQmVxZryPRXNhpuMrbdEmjTdcHyEgkUbBnv3Ebx3TDhpK25
1.3.6.1.4.1.12345.2 = ASN1:UTF8String:Name: Alice Smith
1.3.6.1.4.1.12345.3 = ASN1:UTF8String:Degree: Maths
1.3.6.1.4.1.12345.4 = ASN1:UTF8String:Date: 2018-05-28
1.3.6.1.4.1.12345.5 = ASN1:UTF8String:Birthdate: 20000725
1.3.6.1.4.1.12345.6 = ASN1:UTF8String:Timestamp: 1721913045
1.3.6.1.4.1.12345.7 = ASN1:UTF8String:ResourceServer: Printing Server 1
[ alt_names ]
DNS.1 = localhost
```

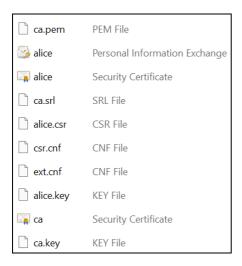
Sign Alice's cert with CA & "csr.cnf" and include extensions from "ext.cnf"'s "v3_req" section

```
ketki.jakatdar@Ketki MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Thesis/Code/Certificate/With_ext
$ openssl x509 -req -in alice.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -CAcreateserial -out alice.crt -days 365 -extfile ext.cnf -ex
tensions v3_req
Certificate request self-signature ok
subject=C=IR, ST=Dublin, L=Dublin, O=NCI, OU=Cybersecurity, CN=localhost
```

• Create "alice.pfx" file by combining "alice.key" and "alice.crt". Postman accepts .pfx file.

```
ketki.jakatdar@Ketki MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Thesis/Code/Certificate/With_ext
$ openssl pkcs12 -export -out alice.pfx -inkey alice.key -in alice.crt -certfile ca.crt
Enter Export Password:
Verifying - Enter Export Password:
```

Below are all the files created for Alice:

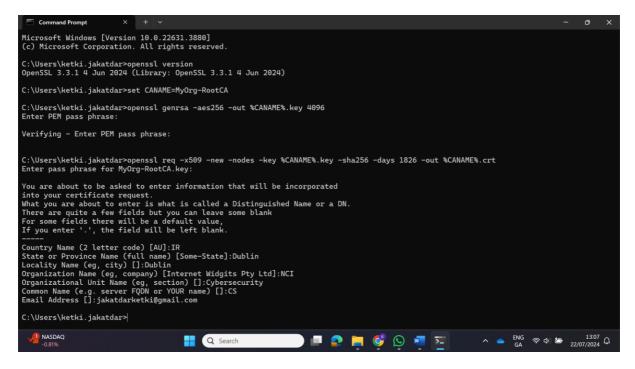


4.2.2 SSL certificates for Authorization Server

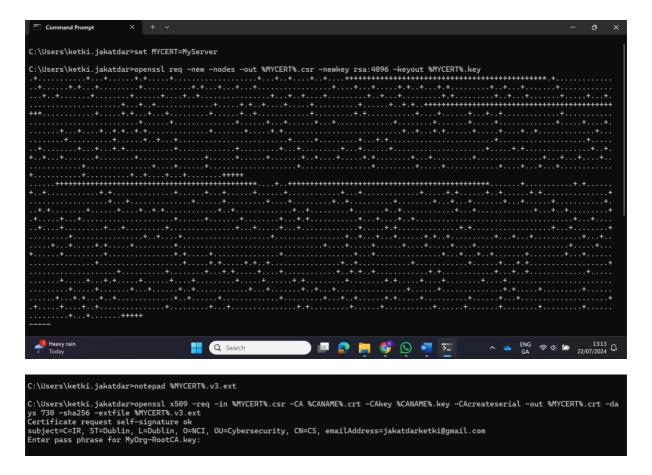
4. Create self-signed certificate and key for Authorization Server (AS)

These certificates don't have custom extensions.

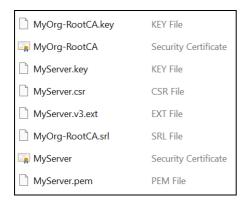
Create private key for CA. Create Root Certificate for the CA.



• Create "MyServer.key" and "MyServer.crt" self-signed certificates for the AS signed by above Root certificate.



Below is the list of certificates created for the AS



4.3 Launch the ACE-OAuth server

• To start Apache server, open Command Prompt as an administrator. Navigate to "C:\httpd-2.4.62-240718-win64-VS17\Apache24\bin" & run below command —

To start the server → httpd.exe -k start
To stop the server → httpd.exe -k stop
To restart the server → httpd.exe -k restart

C:\httpd-2.4.62-240718-win64-VS17\Apache24\bin>httpd.exe -k start
C:\httpd-2.4.62-240718-win64-VS17\Apache24\bin>_

• You can access the server on browser at — https://localhost:443. You'll get a warning about the certificate because it is a self-signed certificate.



4.4 Launch the Resource Server (Printer)

 Open another gitbash terminal or Command Prompt and change to the directory of the Resource Server. Compile "index.ts" into "index.js" and launch the Resource Server and access it at – http://localhost:3000.

tsc node dist/index.js

PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server> tsc
PS C:\Users\ketki.jakatdar\Desktop\Thesis\Code\Resource-Server> node dist/index.js
Resource Server running on port 3000



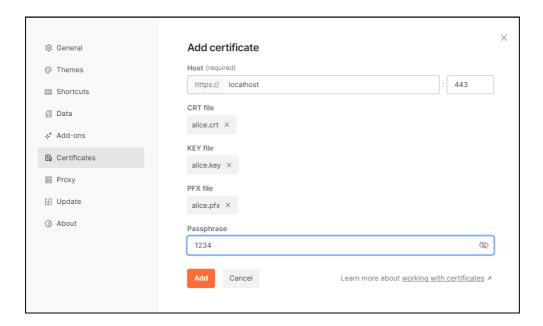
4.5 Configure Postman requests

• Launch Postman app → Navigate to Settings → Go to the Certificates Tab → Select the Certificates tab on the left sidebar → Add a Client Certificate → Click Add Certificate → Configure the Certificate like below:

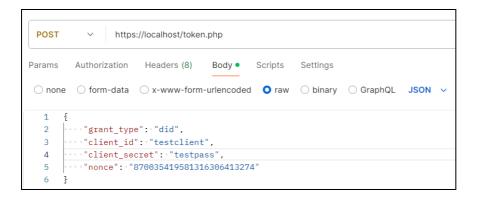
Host: localhost.

CRT file: Choose the "*alice.pfx, alice.crt, alice.key*" files you created. **Passphrase:** Enter the passphrase if you set one during the export (if not, leave it blank)

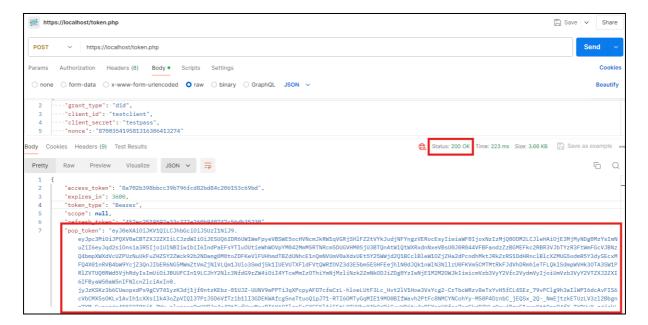
Now, when you send the request, POSTMAN will automatically use the client certificate associated with the host and port combination you've specified.



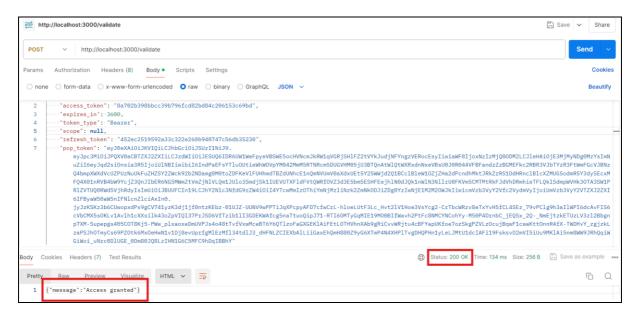
• Create a new POST request to send to the AS. Endpoint is — "https://localhost:token.php". Modify the body of the request as below:



• Hit Send. Below is the response which contains the Proof of Possession (PoP) token.



• Create another POST HTTP request to send to the RS. Endpoint is — "http://localhost:3000/validate". Copy the entire response json from AS and paste it in the body of this request. Hit Send.



5 Security Testing

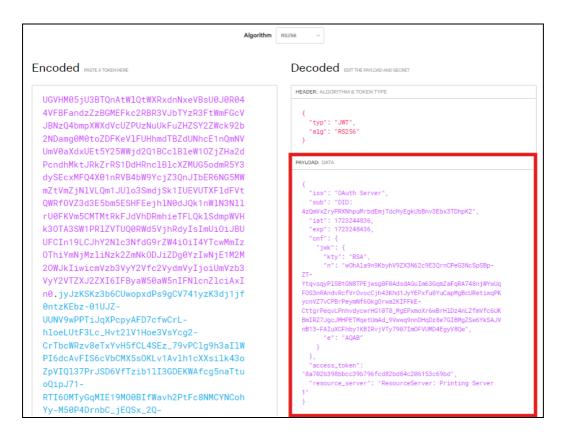
5.1 PoP token signature verification

- Open jwt.io¹⁶ in browser. Select "*RSA256*" in the Algorithm dropdown.
- Copy only the encoded "pop_token" from the response received from the AS and paste it in the "Encoded" column on jwt.io. It will automatically decode the token and the decoded body and header of the token are visible in the "Decoded" column on the right side.

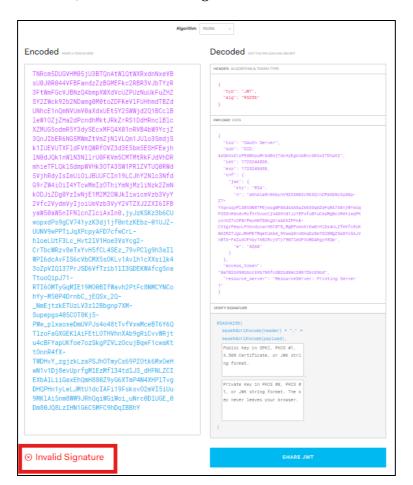
"pop_token": "eyJ@eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJSUzIINiJ9.
eyJpc3MiOiJPQXV@aCBTZXJZZXIiLCJzdWIIOiJESUQGIDRGUWIWeFpyeVBSWE5ocHVNcmJkRW1qVGrjSH1FZ2tVYkJudjNFYngzVERocEsyIiwiaWF@IjoxNzIzMjQ@ODM2LCJleHAiOjE3MjMyNDg@MzYsImN
uZiIGeyJadZsiOnsia3R5IjoiU1NBIiwibiIG1ndPaEFsYTluOUtieWhNOVpYM9dZwmMSRTNRcm5DUGVHMM6jU3BTQnAtWJQtWXRxdnNxeVBSUBO3R8P44VFBFandzZz8GMEFkc2RBR3VJbTYzR3FtwmEGcVJBNz
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R1ZVTUQ0RWdd5VjhRdyIsImu10iJBUUFCIn19LCJhY2Nlc3NfdG9rZWd10i14YTcwMmIzOThiYmNjMz11nzk2ZmNk0DJiZDg@YzIwNjE1MZM20WJkIiwicmVzb3VyY2Vfc2VydmVyIjoiUmVzb3VyY2VTZXJZZXI
61FByaM5GaW5nIFNlcnZlciAxIn0.
jyJzKSK23b6CUwopxdPs9gCV741yzK3dj1jf0ntzKebz-04UJZ-UUNV9wPPTJJQXPcpyAFD7cfwCrL-hloeLUFF3Lc_Hvt2lV1Hoe3VsYcgZ-CxTbcWRzv8eTxYvH5fCL4SEz_79vPClg9h3aIlWPI6dcAvFI56
cVbCMX5sOKLv1Av1hicXXsilk43oZpVIQ137PzJSD6VfTzib1l13GDEKWAfcg5naTtuoQipJ71-RTI60MTyGqMIE19M06BlfMavh2PtFc8MMCYNCohYy-M50PADznbC_jEQSx_2Q-_NmEjtzkETUzLV3z12Bbgn
p7XM-Suppegs4d85COT8Kj5-PMw_plxaoxeDmUVP3s4o48tTvfVxwMceBT6Y6OT1zcoFa6XEKXIAiFEtLOTHVhnXAb9gRicvvWRjtu4cBFYapUKfoe7oz5kgPZVLzOcuj8qwF1cwaKttOnnRdfX-TWDHY_zgjzkL
zaPSJhOTmyCs60PZOtk6Mx0eHwN1v1Dj8evUprfgM1EzMf13dtd13_dHFNLZCIEXbAlLiiGaxEhQmH880Z9yG6XTmP4M4XHPlTvgDHQPHn1yLeLJMtU1dcIAF119FsksvO2mVI5iUu9MKlAi5nn8WWJ9RhQqiW
Giwoi_wNxce01UcE_00mm80Jg0lzJHM16656MFC9h0q1BBHY"

_

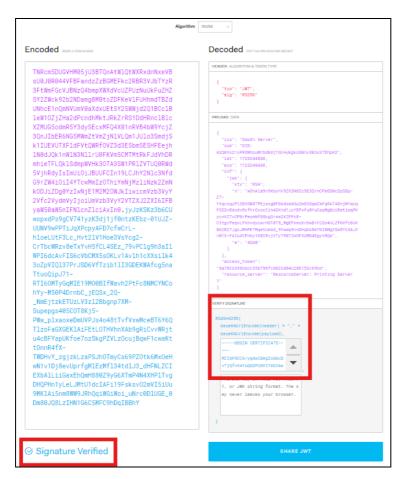
¹⁶ https://jwt.io/



• However, we see "Invalid Signature" at the bottom.

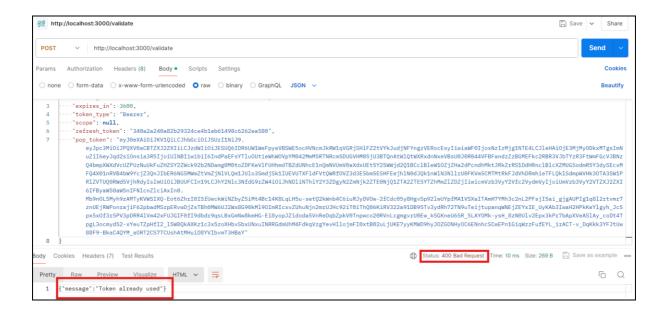


• To resolve this, copy the contents of "MyServer.crt", which is the public key of AS. Paste it in the "Verify Signature" window. It will automatically validate the signature of the token and you get "Signature Verified" message.



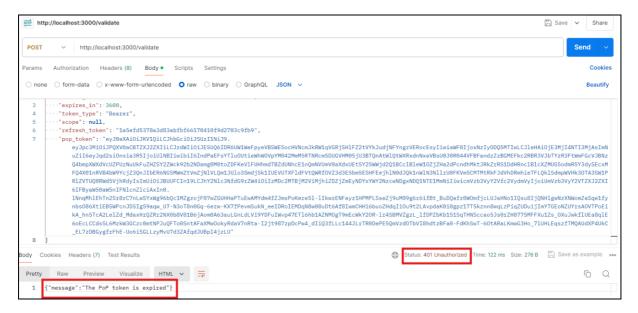
5.2 Replay Attacks

- The goal is to ensure that intercepted PoP tokens cannot be reused by an attacker.
- From Postman send the request with PoP token to RS. For the first time, if the token is valid, you'll get "Access granted" as response.
- Click on send again from Postman to send the request to RS with the same token.
- For the second time, you'll get "*Token alredy used*" error. Thus, a token can already be used only once avoiding replay attacks.



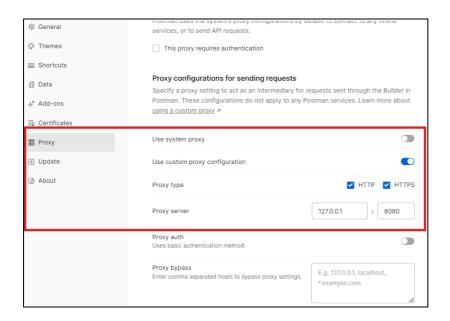
5.3 Expired Token

• Send an expired token to the RS in the body of the POST request. RS will verify when the token expires and send a response saying "The PoP token is expired".

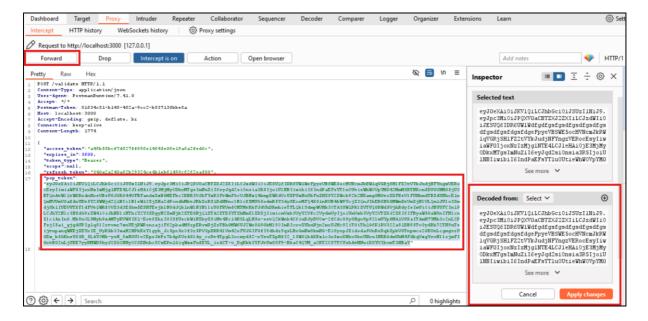


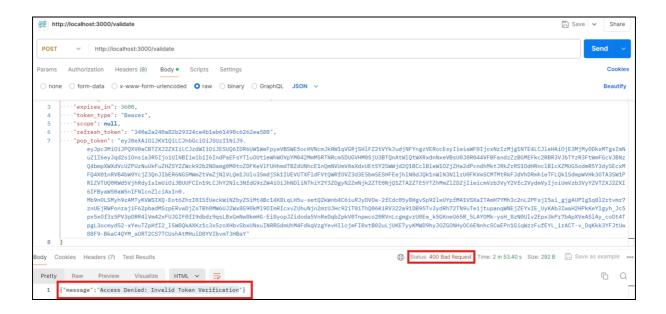
5.4 Data Tampering

- Burp Suite will be used as a interceptor proxy between Postman and AS or RS to inspect and modify HTTP requests.
- Configure Postman to use Burp Suite as proxy like below:



- In Burp Suite go to Proxy tab and turn Interceptor on.
- Send a request with valid PoP token from Postman to the RS. As soon as you hit send in Postman, the request will be intercepted and visible in Burp Suite.
- Select the "pop_token" and modify it (delete or add extra letters) in the "Decoded from:" window on the right side of the screen and click "Apply changes". Hit Forward.
- You'll get "Access Denied: Invalid Token Verification" as response in Postman.



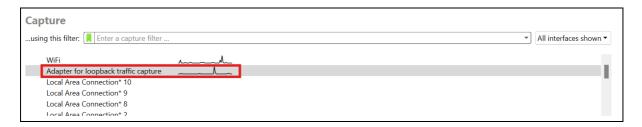


6 Performance Testing

6.1 Round Trip Time (RTT)

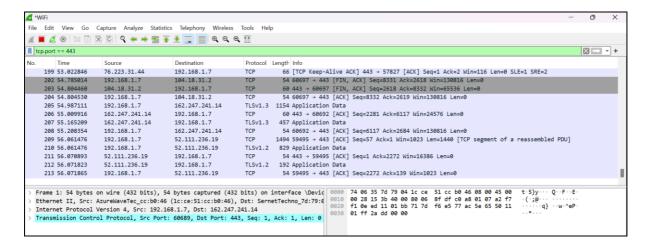
RTT, specific to the TLS handshake, is calculated by measuring the time between the "Client Hello" and "Server Hello" calls.

• Open Wireshark and double click on "Adapter for loopback traffic capture". Because Wireshark captures localhost traffic aka loopback traffic here.

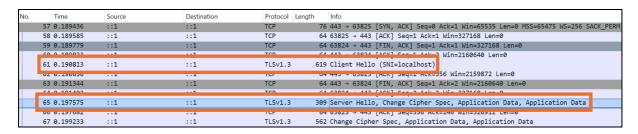


• In the filter bar at the top, type below command to filter traffic over HTTPS (port 443) and press Enter.

$$tcp.port == 443$$



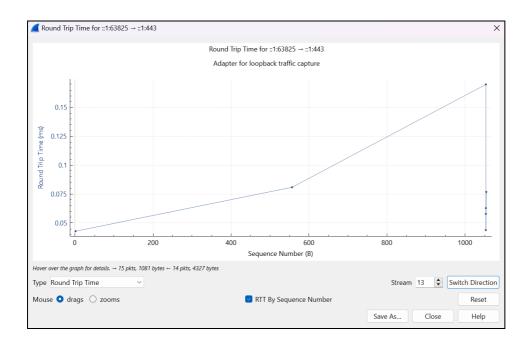
- Send the POST request from Postman to the AS to get the PoP access token. This request will be captured by Wireshark.
- Go back to Wireshark and click the red "Stop" button to stop capturing traffic. Identify your HTTP request.



 Note down the timestamp for "Client Hello" and "Server Hello" calls. Calculate the RTT like below:

> $RTT = Server \ Hello \ Timestamp - Client \ Hello \ Timestamp$ $RTT = 0.005631 - 0.002143 = 0.003488 \ seconds$ $RTT = 3.488 \ milliseconds$

- Thus, RTT for the presented solution is *3.488ms*.
- Additionally, you can generate the RTT graph in Wireshark. Right click on "Client Hello" → Follow → TCP Steam → Click on Statistics tab → TCP Steam graphs → Round Trip Time.



7 Common Errors

7.1 Apache SSL certificate error

• Ensure that the location to the "MyServer.crt" and "MyServer.key" in "httpd-ssl.cnf" file for apache is correct.

SSLCertificateKeyFile "\${SRVROOT}/conf/server.key" SSLCertificateFile "\${SRVROOT}/conf/server.crt"

7.2 Invalid Signature even after adding MyServer.crt

• Ensure to copy the entire contents of "MyServer.crt", including "BEGIN CERTIFICATE" and "END CERTIFICATE".

7.3 Client denied by server configuration error

• If you see below error in "*errors.log*" file then, check your CN name while certificate CSR generation. "*CN=localhost*" to run this setup.

```
[Fri Aug 02 11:41:40.204281 2024] [authz_core:error] [pid 17132:tid 1092] [client ::1:61963] AH01630: client denied by server configuration: C:/Users/ketki.jakatdar/besktop/Thesis/Code/Oauth/oauthz-server-1/oauthz-server-php/favicon.ico, referer: https://localhost/[Fri Aug 02 11:41:42.301963 2024] [authz_core:error] [pid 17132:tid 1092] [client ::1:61963] AH01630: client denied by server configuration: C:/Users/ketki.jakatdar/besktop/Thesis/Code/Oauth/oauthz-server-1/oauthz-server-php/
[Fri Aug 02 11:41:42.322376 2024] [authz_core:error] [pid 17132:tid 1092] [client ::1:61963] AH01630: client denied by server configuration: C:/Users/ketki.jakatdar/besktop/Thesis/Code/Oauth/oauthz-server-php/favicon.ico, referer: https://localhost/
```

```
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:IR
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Dublin
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Dublin
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:NCI
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:NCI
Organization Name (eg, company) []:Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:localhost
Email Address []:bengelleri#26100gmail.com
```