

## Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project Msc in Cloud Computing

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## Configuration Manual

# Praneeth Raghava Vadrevu 23211946

## 1 Introduction

This document elaborates the tools, technologies and frameworks used for the implementation of the project. It also describes the steps carried out in the implementation of the research project, "A Scalable Blockchain Framework for Access Control in Cloud Environments".

## 2 System Configuration

#### 2.1 Software Specification

- Visual Studio Code installed on a systems operating on MacOS.
- Installed node to further install Vite(React), Express and Hardhat frameworks for interface design, smart contracts and server development and testing. Aws
- Additionally k6 a load testing tool along with PostMan an API testing software were installed.
- Added MetaMask as a browser extension which is a Web 3.0 wallet for handling tokens.

#### 2.2 Hardware Specification

• MacBook Air M2, 256GB SSD, 8GB Ram

#### 2.3 Steps to run the framework

#### 2.3.1 Rpc Provider

Need to setup a project on Alchemy which is an Rpc Provider to get the API key as depcited on 1. Alchemy (n.d.)

#### 2.3.2 Local Network

• **Deploying the Smart Contract**: Open the file "WhisperNet" from code artefacts on VSC similar to 2 . Navigate to hardhat using "cd hardhat" command. Solidity (n.d.)

Run "npx hardhat compile" to compile the smart contract, refer to 3.

| WhisperNet                            | API Key VDEs-KA3Vkxpp  | SuOSTaaV8 Co. Conv |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| mspernet                              |  | Mastaeto (-0 copy  |
| tup Metrics Networks Settings         |  |                    |
|                                       |  |                    |
| Integrate your app                    |  |                    |
| Chain                                 | Network URL  |                    |
| Polygon zkEVM                         | V URL https://polygonzkevm-mainnet.g.alchemy.com/v2/VDEs-KA3Vkxpp5yQ5TaeY8SmKTDnwL7t   | Copy               |
| Network                               | Copy the code below into your code editor  |                    |
| Mainnet                               | × Request  | G Copy             |
| Method                                | import ( JsonBonProvider ) from 'ethers':  |                    |
| eth_getBlockByNumber - get the latest |  |                    |
| Language                              | Network URL         VIEL       Nips://polygonzkevm-mainnet.g.alchemy.com/v2/VDEs-KA3Vkopp5yG5TaeY85mkTDnwL7t         Copy the code below into your code editor         V       Request         import { JaonRpcProvider } from 'ethers';         // Conset to the Ethersem nature's         const provider = new it provider / https://polygonzkeve-mainnet.g.alchemy.com/v2/VDEs-KA3Vkopp5yG5TaeY85mkTDnwL7t');         // Gt block ky number         const provider = new it provider.getBlock(blockkumber);         const block = sets provider.getBlock(blockkumber);         constale.log(block); |                    |
| Js JavaScript                         |  |                    |
| SDK                                   |  |                    |
| ethers.is                             | <pre>console.log(block);</pre>   |                    |
| outeralle                             |  |                    |
| Docs                                  |  | View metrics >     |

Figure 1: Alchemy.

To run the node server "npx hardhat node" and open a new terminal as depicted in 4.

Now run "npx hardhat run –network localhost scripts/deploy.cjs" to deploy the smart contract on local 5.

"npx hardhat test" runs the test files, refer to 6 and 7.

• Express Server: To use the express server, the smart contract has to be deployed to a blockchain, in this case polygonZKEVM. Express (n.d.)

Run "npm install" to install all the dependencies.

First step is to add the private address of your web 3.0 wallet to the .env file next to  $PRIVATE\_ADDRESS = ""$ . MetaMask (n.d.)

Then run "npx hardhat run –network polygonZk scripts/deploy.cjs" which will deploy the smart contract, make sure there are enough tokens on the polygonZKEvm network like in 9.

A successful deployment will print the contract address in the terminal, which needs to be used in the .env next to CONTRACT\_ADDRESS="".

Now run "node index.cjs" command to start the express/node server.

The API end points can be tested using PostMan ex:login, register. Refer to 10 and Postman (n.d.)

• **React**: Navigate to client folder using terminal "cd client".

Run "npm install" to install all the dependencies. Vite (n.d.)

In the .env file of client, change the END\_POINT to the ideal port where express server is up and running. The client will make API calls using this.

With everything ready run the vite server using command "npm run dev" and upon running the url you will see something like 11.

### 3 Running Tests

To perform the required tasks, first of all, install k6 from its official website - k6. io k6 (n.d.) and create a JavaScript test. The script in this case uses the "http" module

| ✓ WHISPERNET                  | []+ []= | U 🗗 |
|-------------------------------|---------|-----|
| > client                      |         | •   |
| $\sim$ hardhat                |         | •   |
| > artifacts                   |         |     |
| > cache                       |         |     |
| $\sim$ contracts              |         | •   |
| Lock.sol                      |         |     |
| StringUtils.sol               |         | U   |
| UserRegistry.sol              |         | м   |
| > ignition                    |         |     |
| > node_modules                |         |     |
| $\sim$ scripts                |         | •   |
| JS deploy.cjs                 |         | U   |
| > test                        |         | •   |
| 🌣 .env                        |         |     |
| .gitignore                    |         |     |
| JS hardhat.config.cjs         |         | м   |
| JS index.cjs                  |         | м   |
| {} package-lock.json          |         |     |
| <pre>{} package.json</pre>    |         |     |
| <ol> <li>README.md</li> </ol> |         |     |

Figure 2: Folder Structure.

praneethraghav@Praneeths-MacBook-Air hardhat % npx hardhat compile Compiled 1 Solidity file successfully (evm target: paris).

Figure 3: Hardhat Compile.

to issue HTTP requests and the "check" function to verify the responses. Virtual users or VUs can be configured with load test options, which include defining the stages of loading, ramping up, sustaining and ramping down of the VUs. For instance, you can mimic that the users are growing over 30 seconds, remain the same for one minute and



Figure 4: Hardhat Node.



Figure 5: Hardhat Deploy.

then reduce. Performance goals can be established in the form of thresholds to ensure that certain performance standards are met regarding such factors as response time for instance, response time for 95% of the requests should not be more than 2 seconds. To start the test, execute the command k6 run in the terminal and monitor the performance of the the system production-ready in configurations real-time include and the get ability the to results tear for down request resources duration during and teardown failure such rate as among the others. use Some of of teardown() or integrating with tools like Grafana for monitoring.

## References

- Alchemy (n.d.). Alchemy Blockchain Development Platform, https://www.alchemy. com/. Accessed: 2024-12-12.
- Express (n.d.). Express Fast, unopinionated, minimalist web framework for Node.js, https://expressjs.com/. Accessed: 2024-12-12.
- k6 (n.d.). k6 Load Testing Tool, https://k6.io/. Accessed: 2024-12-12.
- MetaMask (n.d.). MetaMask, https://metamask.io/. Accessed: 2024-12-12.
- Postman (n.d.). Postman The Collaboration Platform for API Development, https://www.postman.com/. Accessed: 2024-12-12.



Figure 6: Login test.



Figure 7: Test Result.

| praneethraghav@Praneeths-MacBook-Air hardhat % npx hardhat run scripts/deploy.cjsnetwork polygonZK |
|--|
| Current Gas Price: 0.257 gwei  |
| Deployment began   |
| UserRegistry deployed to: 0x84B8207ef94794D1207459ec0313bc5646840aAB                               |

Figure 8: Deploying to Polygon.

| Ox58E2d40447                                       |                              |
|--|------------------------------|
| <b>0.0023 E</b><br>\$8.91 USD                      | TH                           |
| +/-     7     Z       Buy & Sell     Send     Swap | Gridge Portfolio             |
| Tokens NFTs  | Activity                     |
| Dec 11, 2024                                       |                              |
| Contract i<br>Confirmed                            | <b>-0 ETH</b><br>-\$0.00 USD |
| Approve U<br>Confirmed                             |                              |
| MetaMask sup                                       | port                         |

Figure 9: MetaMask.

Solidity (n.d.). Solidity Documentation, https://soliditylang.org/. Accessed: 2024-12-12.

Vite (n.d.). Vite - Next Generation Frontend Tooling, https://vitejs.dev/. Accessed:



Figure 10: PostMan.

| WhisperNet |  |
|------------|--|
|            |  |
|            |  |
| LOGIN      |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |

Figure 11: Login.

2024-12-12.

```
import http from 'k6/http';
import { check, sleep } from 'k6';
import { Counter } from 'k6/metrics';
export const options = {
  stages: [
    { duration: '30s', target: 10 }, // Ramp up to 10 users over 30 seconds
{ duration: '1m', target: 10 }, // Stay at 10 users for 1 minute
{ duration: '30s', target: 0 }, // Ramp down to 0 users over 30 seconds
  thresholds: {
    http_req_duration: ['p(95)<2000'], // 95% of requests must complete below 2000ms
'http_req_failed{scenario:default}': ['rate<0.01'], // Fail rate < 1%</pre>
const BASE_URL = 'http://localhost:3000'; // Replace with your actual API URL
const loginEndpoint = '/login';
const email = 'testuser@example.com';
const password = 'testpassword123';
const failureCount = new Counter('failed_requests');
eport default function () {
  const payload = JSON.stringify(
    email: email.
    password: password,
  });
  const params = {
    headers: {
       'Content-Type': 'application/json',
  const res = http.post(`${BASE_URL}${loginEndpoint}`, payload, params);
  const checks = check(res, {
     'is status 200': (r) => r.status === 200,
     'is success true': (r) => JSON.parse(r.body).success === true,
     'response time < 1s': (r) => r.timings.duration < 1000,</pre>
```

Figure 12: K6.