

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project Programme Name

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National College of Ireland

MSc Project Submission Sheet



School of Computing

| Student Name: | Pooja Krishnamoorthy |
|----------------------------|--|
| Student ID: | X23131179 |
| Programme: | MSc Data Analytics Year: 2023-2024 |
| Module: | Configuration Manual |
| Supervisor Submission : | Dr Muslim Jammel Syed |
| Due Date: | 12/08/2024 |
| Project Title: | Personalized Skincare Recommendations Using Multi-Modal Deep Learning Techniques |
| | |

Word Count:555Page Count12

I hereby certify that the information contained in this (my submission) is information pertaining to research I conducted for this project. All information other than my own contribution will be fully referenced and listed in the relevant bibliography section at the rear of the project.

<u>ALL</u> internet material must be referenced in the bibliography section. Students are required to use the Referencing Standard specified in the report template. To use other author's written or electronic work is illegal (plagiarism) and may result in disciplinary action.

Signature: Pooja Krishnamoorthy

Date: 12/08/2024

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| Signature: | |
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Configuration Manual

Pooja Krishnamoorthy Student ID: X23131179

1 System Configuration:

Below is the device specification of a machine in which the project was executed.

| (ì | Device specificat | ions |
|----|-------------------|---|
| | Device name | DESKTOP-VVVIL0M |
| | Processor | 11th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-1165G7 @ 2.80GHz 2.80 GHz |
| | Installed RAM | 16.0 GB (15.7 GB usable) |
| | Device ID | AF1E5634-8BC4-42BF-B322-953C4AE94448 |
| | Product ID | 00342-42593-01030-AAOEM |
| | System type | 64-bit operating system, x64-based processor |

Figure 1

2 Software Requirement:

Below is the software that should be installed.

- 1. Jupyter Notebook
- 2. Python 3.9

3 Code Artifacts:

Below are the code artifacts which has to be downloaded.

| Downloads > X23131179_code > | | | | Search |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------|
| A) B | | | | |
| Name | Date modified | Туре | Size | |
| ∼ Today | | | | |
| ipynb_checkpoints | 11-08-2024 01:00 | File folder | | |
| review | 11-08-2024 01:00 | File folder | | |
| 🚞 web | 11-08-2024 01:00 | File folder | | |
| 🛩 💳 train | 11-08-2024 01:00 | File folder | | |
| 🔁 val | 11-08-2024 01:00 | File folder | | |
| $^{\vee}$ Last week | | | | |
| skin_tone transfer_learning.ipynb | 09-08-2024 17:41 | IPYNB File | 1,464 KB | |
| skin_tone.keras | 07-08-2024 12:18 | KERAS File | 6,94,852 KB | |
| an.ipynb | 07-08-2024 01:26 | IPYNB File | 12 KB | |
| skin_tone.ipynb | 06-08-2024 17:20 | IPYNB File | 1,745 KB | |
| aan_generator_224.keras | 04-08-2024 15:07 | KERAS File | 1,59,277 KB | |
| \sim Last month | | | | |
| gan_generator_224.h5 | 28-07-2024 13:29 | H5 File | 1,59,277 KB | |
| Direct_dataset | 15-07-2024 13:35 | Microsoft Excel Com | 63 KB | |

Figure 2

4 Installation

| Command Prompt X + V | - | ø | × |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------|----------|
| Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.3737] (c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. | | | |
| C:\Users\pooja>python Python 3.9.0 (tags/v3.9.0:9cf6752, Oct 5 2020, 15:34:40) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32 Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information. >>> ^Z | | | |
| C:\Users\pooja>pip install django Requirement already satisfied: django in c:\users\pooja\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (4.2 Requirement already satisfied: tzdata; sys_platform == "win32" in c:\users\pooja\appdata\local\programs\python\python ages (from django) (2024.1) Requirement already satisfied: asgiref<4,>=3.6.0 in c:\users\pooja\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-pa ngo) (3.8.1) | .14) 39\lib\si ckages (f | te-pac rom dj | ck ja |
| Requirement already satisfied: sqlparse>=0.3.1 in c:\users\pooja\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-pack o) (0.5.1) | ages (fro | om djar | ng |
| Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4; python_version < "3.11" in c:\users\pooja\appdata\roaming\pythor ackages (from asgiref<4,>=3.6.0->django) (4.5.0) | \python39 | \site- | -р |

Figure 3

Open Command prompt and run the below commands to install Django which is used for website creation and additional commands required for the models to run.

pip install Django pip install matplotlib pip install tensorflow pip install scikit-learn pip install notebook

5 Data Preprocessing:

Data preprocessing is performed to make sure that the facial images are in a proper format for the deep learning models. This involves several key steps like resizing the images to a dimension that is consistent and scaling the pixel values. These steps will enhance the ability of the model to improve its performance.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load_img, img_to_array
# Function to plot images in a grid
def plot_images(image_paths, labels, num_images=9):
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
    for i in range(num_images):
       plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
        img = load_img(image_paths[i], target_size=(150, 150))
        plt.imshow(img)
        plt.title(labels[i])
        plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
# Get some sample images and labels from the training directory
train_dir = 'train'
class_names = os.listdir(train_dir)
image_paths = []
labels = []
for class_name in class_names:
    class_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, class_name)
    for img_name in os.listdir(class_dir)[:3]: # Get first 3 images from each class
       image_paths.append(os.path.join(class_dir, img_name))
       labels.append(class_name)
# Plot the images
plot_images(image_paths, labels)
```

oily oily



oily



Figure 4

6 Data Augmentation:

Data augmentation involves applying various transformations to the original images to create new and slightly altered versions.

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
# function to plot augmented images in a grid
def plot_augmented_images(image_path, num_images=9):
    datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
       rotation_range=40,
        width_shift_range=0.2,
        height_shift_range=0.2,
        shear_range=0.2,
        zoom_range=0.2,
        horizontal_flip=True,
        fill_mode='nearest'
    )
    img = load_img(image_path)
    img_array = img_to_array(img)
img_array = img_array.reshape((1,) + img_array.shape) # Reshape to (1, 150, 150, 3)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
    i = 0
    for batch in datagen.flow(img_array, batch_size=1):
       plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(batch[0].astype('uint8'))
        plt.axis('off')
        i += 1
        if i == num_images:
           break
    plt.show()
# Plot augmented images for one of the sample images
```



plot_augmented_images(image_paths[0])





Figure 5

7 Model Evaluation CNN

The Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) model has been evaluated to identify its effectiveness in classifying facial images into different skin types such as normal, oily and dry. The evaluation metrics which are used to access the performance includes Precision, accuracy, f1 and recall.

```
[19]: from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      y_true = y_true_manual
      y_pred = y_pre_manual
       # Calculate precision, recall, and F1 score
      precision = precision_score(y_true, y_pred, average='weighted')
      recall = recall_score(y_true, y_pred, average='weighted')
      f1 = f1_score(y_true, y_pred, average='weighted')
      print(f'Precision: {precision}')
      print(f'Recall: {recall}')
      print(f'F1 Score: {f1}')
       # Generate and print classification report
      class_report = classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=class_labels)
      print(class_report)
       # Generate confusion matrix
      conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
      # PLot confusion matrix
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
      sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=class_labels, yticklabels=class_labels)
      plt.xlabel('Predicted')
      plt.ylabel('True')
      plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
      plt.show()
      Precision: 0.8621618622609056
      Recall: 0.7554151624548736
      F1 Score: 0.790583679948588
                   precision recall f1-score support
              dry
                        0.38 0.71
0.98 0.78
                                         0.50
0.86
                                                       168
            normal
                                                       907
                       0.19 0.45 0.27
              oily
                                                       33
                                           0.76
                                                      1108
          accuracy
                     0.52 0.65
0.86 0.76
                                         0.54
0.79
         macro avg
                                                      1108
      weighted avg
                                                      1108
```

```
Figure 6
```

8 Model Training CNN:

Images has been trained using different model and among those CNN is found to be the best model which gives accuracy of 99 percent.

| | Poor manary | row manager - | - Sec Therein |
|------|--|--|---------------|
| [7]: | <pre>model = Sequential([Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', MaxPooling2D(2, 2), Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu') MaxPooling2D(2, 2), Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu') MaxPooling2D(2, 2), Flatten(), Dense(512, activation='relu'), Dropout(e.5), Dense(len(train_generator.class_indice)]) model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='cate)</pre> | <pre>input_shape=(224, 224, 3)), , , , as), activation='softmax') agorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])</pre> | |
| | | | |
| [8]: | <pre>history = model.fit(train_generator, epochs=25,)</pre> | | |
| | Epoch 1/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [=====] - (| 66s 934ms/step - loss: 1.2104 - accuracy: 0.3966 | |
| | 69/69 [] - / | Se 097ms/stan - loss: 1 0412 - accuracy: 0 4693 | |
| | Epoch 3/25 | 303 30/#3/3tep - 1035. 1.0412 - activacy. 0.4003 | |
| | 69/69 [=====] - (| 69s 994ms/step - loss: 0.8768 - accuracy: 0.5798 | |
| | Epoch 4/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [======] - (| 69s 995ms/step - loss: 0.6227 - accuracy: 0.7344 | |
| | 69/69 [] - / | 585 983ms/step - loss: 0.3948 - accuracy: 0.8386 | |
| | Epoch 6/25 | and a second and a | |
| | 69/69 [] - (| 57s 974ms/step - loss: 0.2462 - accuracy: 0.9112 | |
| | Epoch 7/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [======] - (| 57s 971ms/step - loss: 0.1607 - accuracy: 0.9442 | |
| | 69/69 [======] - (| 59s 996ms/step - loss: 0.0848 - accuracy: 0.9737 | |
| | Epoch 9/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [======] - (| 58s 990ms/step - loss: 0.1032 - accuracy: 0.9737 | |
| | Epoch 10/25 | 27 072ms (stop loss: 0.0521 pssuppsus 0.0997 | |
| | Epoch 11/25 | 5/5 9/5ms/step = 1055; 0.0521 = acturaty; 0.988/ | |
| | 69/69 [=====] - (| 58s 981ms/step - loss: 0.0532 - accuracy: 0.9859 | |
| | Epoch 12/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [======] - (| 69s 1s/step - loss: 0.0361 - accuracy: 0.9937 | |
| | 69/69 [| 59s 1s/step - loss: 0.0332 - accuracy: 0.9909 | |
| | Epoch 14/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [] - (| 69s 1s/step - loss: 0.0412 - accuracy: 0.9918 | |
| | Epoch 15/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [=======] - (| bys 1s/step - 10ss: 0.0267 - accuracy: 0.9927 | |
| | 69/69 [| 595 999ms/step - loss: 0.0274 - accuracy: 0.9937 | |
| | Epoch 17/25 | | |
| | 69/69 [=====] - 6 | 58s 977ms/step - loss: 0.0149 - accuracy: 0.9959 | |
| | Epoch 18/25 | | |

Figure 7

9 Model Predictions

Model has been predicted to offer accurate recommendations which improves user satisfaction and overall performance of the system.

| <pre>class_report = classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=class_names, output_dict=True) print(class_report)</pre> |
|--|
| <pre>{'0ily': {'precision': 0.38387096774193546, 'recall': 0.708333333333333, 'f1-score': 0.4979079479679495, 'support': 168.0}, 'Normal': {'precision': 0.9750346740638083, 'recall': 0.7750826901874311, 'f1-score': 0.86563636363636363636363636, 'support': 907.0}, 'Dry': {'precision': 0.19480519488519481, 'recal 1': 0.45454545454545453, 'f1-score': 0.2727272727277, 'support': 33.0}, 'accuracy': 0.7554151624548736, 'macro avg': {'precision': 0.517903612203643 4, 'recall': 0.6459871593554064, 'f1-score': 0.5447571953848105, 'support': 1108.0}, 'weighted avg': {'precision': 0.8621618622609056, 'recall': 0.7554 151624548736, 'f1-score': 0.790583679948588, 'support': 1108.0}}</pre> |
| import numpy as np |
| # Reset the generator and make predictions |
| <pre>train_generator.reset()</pre> |
| predictions = model.predict(train_generator) |
| <pre>predicted_classes = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)</pre> |
| 69/69 [======] - 12s 170ms/step |
| # Get true labels |
| <pre>true_classes = train_generator.classes</pre> |
| <pre>class_labels = list(train_generator.class_indices.keys())</pre> |
| |

Figure 9

10 Running code:

To run the codes after successfully installing Jupyter notebooks, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Folder: Open a terminal (or command prompt) and navigate to the folder X23131179_code.

cd path_to_folder/X23131179_code

2. Launch Jupyter Notebook: Start Jupyter Notebook by running:

jupyter notebook

- 3. This will open a web interface of Jupyter Notebook in your default browser.
- 4. Then Run the below Code Files
- Open the gan.ipynb notebook: In the Jupyter interface, navigate to the gan.ipynb file and open it. click Run all cells to run the code.
- Open the skin_tone_transfer_learning.ipynb notebook: Similarly, open this notebook file, and execute the code.
- Open the skin_tone.ipynb notebook: Finally, run the skin_tone.ipynb file in the same manner.
- Then Access the Website for Product Recommendations which is described in the next section.

11 Website

The project creates a website as a user interface where the skincare products are recommended. In order for the website to run using the code given in the artifacts, the following command should be entered in the command prompt "Python manage.py runserver ".



Figure 10

Click on the link highlighted in the below image to open the webpage.



Figure 11

The webpage will be displayed as shown in Fig 12.



Figure 12

Click on prediction tab and chose the File to be uploaded.

Figure 13

Products will be recommended once the image is uploaded.

| SkinCare | | Home | Prediction | Pooja | Signup |
|----------|---------------|------|------------|-------|--------|
| | Suggestion | | | | |
| | Result is Dry | | | | |

| Products | | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|-------|--|--|
| Product | Concern | Image FeedBack | Score | | |
| Dr.Sheth's Shea Butter & Amino Acid Multitasking Cream | Broken barrier | | O | | |
| | | FEEDB | ACK | | |

Figure 14