

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project
Data Analytics

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Configuration Manual

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1 Introduction

This document explains how to implement the research and configuration to set it up on any machines with any issues to have arisen.

2 System Configuration

2.1 Hardware Configuration

- Processor: Intel Core i5-6200U, Quad-Core Operating System: Windows 10, 64 Bit
- CPU: 8GB DDR4 RAM, 1600Mhz
- GPU: Nvidia GeForce 940M, 1GB
- Storage: 1TB HDD

2.2 Software Configuration

- Python 3.8.12
- Jupyter Notebook

2.3 Libraries Required

- Tensorflow 2.3.0
- Keras 2.3.0
- Numpy 1.21.2
- Seaborn 0.11.2
- Pandas 1.3.4
- Matplotlib 3.4.3
- Imutils 0.5.4
- Opencv_python 4.5.4.48
- Ipython 7.29.0
- Scikit_learn 1.0.1

3 Environmental Setup

To avoid incompatibility concerns, the study used several downgraded Python libraries. As a result, a new environment in Anaconda was created to meet all of the criteria. As an example, consider the following:

1. Open Anaconda Navigator. Click on ‘Environments’ tab. Click on ‘Create’ in the bottom.

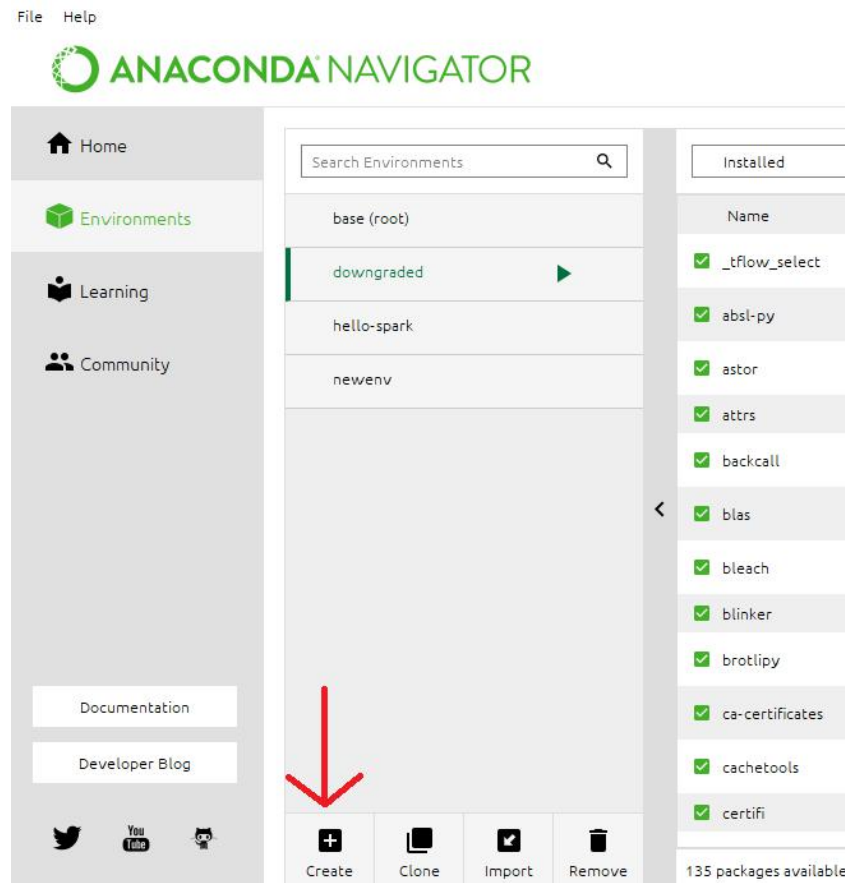


Figure 1: Anaconda Navigator

2. Open Anaconda Prompt. Type ‘activate *your_env_name*’.

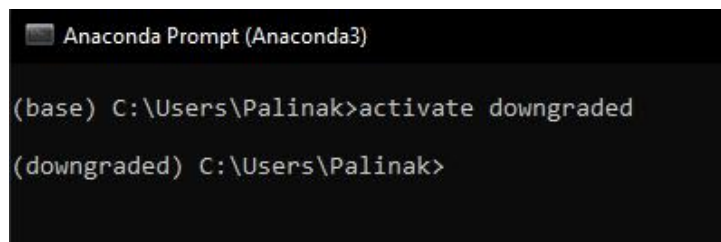


Figure 2: Anaconda Prompt

3. Use 'pip install' to install all of the essential libraries in this environment. Select

the environment generated before starting Jupyter notebook from Anaconda navigator.

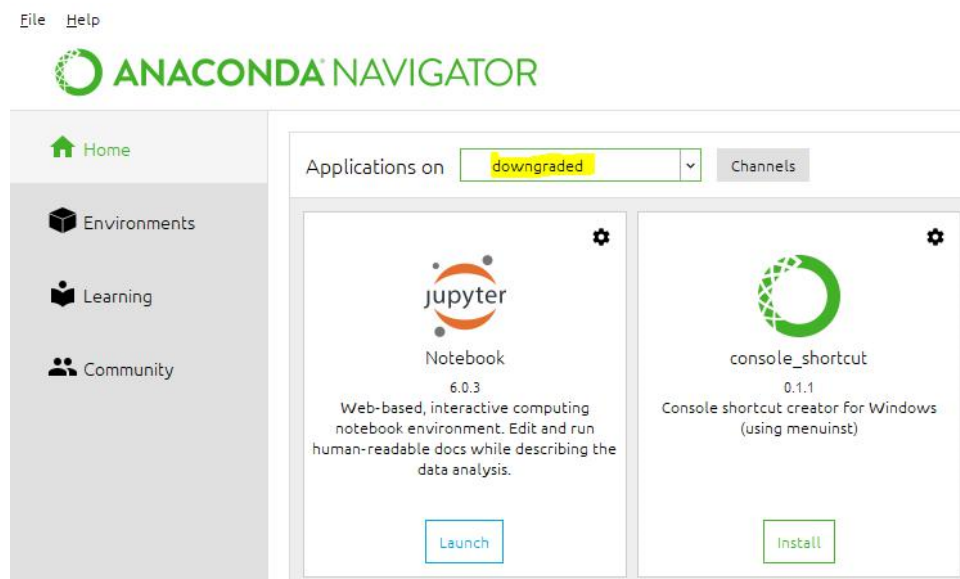


Figure 3: Anaconda Environment

4 Research code

```
In [1]:  
  
# importing required libraries  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator  
from imutils import paths  
import numpy as np  
import warnings  
import shutil  
import random  
import os  
import cv2  
import seaborn as sns  
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix  
from IPython.display import display  
import pandas as pd  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
from tensorflow.keras import utils as keras_utils  
from tensorflow.keras import backend  
  
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models  
  
from tensorflow.keras.applications.inception_v3 import InceptionV3  
from tensorflow.keras.applications import VGG19, VGG16  
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam, RMSprop, SGD  
from tensorflow.keras.layers import *  
from tensorflow.keras import Model  
  
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, Model, load_model  
from tensorflow.keras.applications.mobilenet import preprocess_input  
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ReduceLROnPlateau, ModelCheckpoint,  
CSVLogger  
  
import matplotlib
```

Figure 4: Importing the required libraries

```

# setting up basic values for graphs
plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [10, 5]
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)

```

```

# setting batch size and dataset path
batch_size = 32
dataset = 'COVID-Datasets'
imagePaths = sorted(list(paths.list_images(dataset)))
random.seed(42)
random.shuffle(imagePaths)

```

```

# initializing the array to store data and label
imagesData = []
labels = []

```

Figure 5: Initializing the variable for model and datasets

```

# converting string lable into numerical value to process
codeLabel = {1: 'COVID', 0: 'Normal', 2: "Viral_Pneumonia"}
labelCode = {}
for k, v in codeLabel.items():
    labelCode[v] = k

```

```

# creating model directory to store the trained models
if not os.path.isdir("./models"):
    print("Creating directory to store models")
    os.mkdir("./models")

temp = {}
np.save('./models/labelName.npy', codeLabel)

```

Creating directory to store models

Figure 6: Creating the directory to store models

```

# this block is to load the images and resize the image
for i, imagePath in enumerate(imagePaths):
    try:
        image = cv2.imread(imagePath, 1)
        image = image[... , :-1]
        image = cv2.resize(image, (224, 224))
        image = (image / 255.).astype(np.float32)

        label = imagePath.split(os.path.sep)[-2]
        if label not in temp:
            temp[label] = 1
        else:
            temp[label] += 1
        if temp[label] <= 3600:
            imagesData.append(image)
            labels.append(labelCode[label])

    except (FileNotFoundError, Exception) as e:
        print(imagePath)
        pass

```

Figure 7: Load and Resize the images

```

# converting list into array
labels = np.array(labels)
print("Output data shape : ", labels.shape)

# splitting dataset
trainX, testX, trainY, testY = train_test_split(imagesData, labels, test_size=0.2)

print(np.array(trainX).shape)
print(np.array(trainY).shape)
print(np.array(testX).shape)
print(np.array(testY).shape)

Output data shape : (8545,)
(6836, 224, 224, 3)
(6836,)
(1709, 224, 224, 3)
(1709,)

```

Figure 8: Splitting dataset for training and testing

```

# Create the directory structure
base_dir = 'dataDir'
if not os.path.isdir(base_dir):
    print("Creating base_dir")
    os.mkdir(base_dir)

# train_dir
train_dir = os.path.join(base_dir, 'train_dir')
if not os.path.isdir(train_dir):
    print("Creating train_dir")
    os.mkdir(train_dir)

# val_dir
val_dir = os.path.join(base_dir, 'val_dir')
if not os.path.isdir(val_dir):
    print("Creating val_dir")
    os.mkdir(val_dir)

```

```

Creating base_dir
Creating train_dir
Creating val_dir

```

Figure 9: Creating data dir for generator

```

# storing training images into separate directory
idx = 1
for image, label in zip(trainX, trainY):
    label_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, str(label))
    if not os.path.isdir(label_dir):
        os.mkdir(label_dir)
    dst = os.path.join(label_dir, "label_{}.png".format(idx))
    image = cv2.convertScaleAbs(image, alpha=(255.0))
    cv2.imwrite(dst, image)
    idx += 1

# storing validation images into separate directory
idx = 1
for image, label in zip(testX, testY):
    label_dir = os.path.join(val_dir, str(label))
    if not os.path.isdir(label_dir):
        os.mkdir(label_dir)
    dst = os.path.join(label_dir, "label_{}.png".format(idx))
    image = cv2.convertScaleAbs(image, alpha=(255.0))
    cv2.imwrite(dst, image)
    idx += 1

# Set Up the Generators
train_path = 'dataDir/train_dir'
val_path = 'dataDir/val_dir'

datagen = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function=preprocess_input)

train_gen = datagen.flow_from_directory(train_path, target_size=(224, 224), batch_size=32)
val_gen = datagen.flow_from_directory(val_path, target_size=(224, 224), batch_size=32)

test_gen = datagen.flow_from_directory(val_path, target_size=(224, 224), batch_size=1, shuffle=False)

Found 6836 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 1709 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 1709 images belonging to 3 classes.

```

Figure 10: Storing the processed images and data generator


```
print("Deleting unwanted folder")
shutil.rmtree("./dataDir")
```

Deleting unwanted folder

Figure 11: Deleting the directory