

Configuration Manual

MSc Research Project
Cloud Computing

Satya Venkata Dinesh Kumar Vetcha
Student ID: 20238304

School of Computing
National College of Ireland

Supervisor: Sean Heeney

National College of Ireland
MSc Project Submission Sheet
School of Computing



Student Name:Satya Venkata Dinesh Kumar Vetcha

Student ID:20238304.....

Programme:Cloud Computing..... **Year:**2019.....

Module:MSc Research Project.....

Lecturer:Sean Heeney.....

Submission Due Date:19/09/2022.....

Project Title:Computation Based For Improving the Quality of Services

Word Count:1222..... **Page Count:**13

I hereby certify that the information contained in this (my submission) is information pertaining to research I conducted for this project. All information other than my own contribution will be fully referenced and listed in the relevant bibliography section at the rear of the project.

ALL internet material must be referenced in the bibliography section. Students are required to use the Referencing Standard specified in the report template. To use other author's written or electronic work is illegal (plagiarism) and may result in disciplinary action.

Signature:

Date:19/09/2022.....

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS AND CHECKLIST

Attach a completed copy of this sheet to each project (including multiple copies)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Attach a Moodle submission receipt of the online project submission, to each project (including multiple copies).	<input type="checkbox"/>
You must ensure that you retain a HARD COPY of the project, both for your own reference and in case a project is lost or mislaid. It is not sufficient to keep a copy on computer.	<input type="checkbox"/>

Assignments that are submitted to the Programme Coordinator Office must be placed into the assignment box located outside the office.

Office Use Only	
Signature:	
Date:	
Penalty Applied (if applicable):	

Configuration Manual

Satya Venkata Dinesh Kumar Vetcha
Student ID: 20238304

1 Introduction

This configuration manual contains the procedure for implementing a computation-based load balancing algorithm. It also includes the overall setup for installing the appropriate tools for the research project. This configuration manual helps to guide researchers and academic students and will give an deeper understanding of the proposed method carried out in implementing the project.

2 Required Software Tools

The Software tools that are used for the implementation of this project:

- Eclipse IDE:- This tool is used for the implementation of java code for this research project.
- IFogSim Simulator:- It is an extended version of the CloudSim simulator and contains the framework.
- Cloud Analyst Tool:- This is also an extended version of the CloudSim simulator. It is a GUI tool. It consists of default algorithms and service broker policies for the configuration of the proposed algorithm.
- JDK 17.0.4 version:- It consists of Java libraries that are required for running the suggested algorithm.

3 Hardware Requirements

- Operating system:- Windows/ Mac/ Linux (We can use any OS).
- RAM:- Minimum 4GB / 8GB or more than needed.
- Processor:- Any Processor from the Intel Core is suitable.

4 Step by Step Software Installation

The steps for the installation of software and tools are shown below.

4.1 JDK Installation

- Java Development Kit(JDK)
- Download JDK 17.0.4 version from the specified Link [1].

Product / File Description	File Size	Download
Linux Arm 64 Compressed Archive	171.64 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_linux-aarch64_bin.tar.gz (sha256)
Linux Arm 64 RPM Package	153.64 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_linux-aarch64_bin.rpm (sha256)
Linux x64 Compressed Archive	172.84 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_linux-x64_bin.tar.gz (sha256)
Linux x64 Debian Package	148.48 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_linux-x64_bin.deb (sha256)
Linux x64 RPM Package	155.26 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_linux-x64_bin.rpm (sha256)
macOS Arm 64 Compressed Archive	167.47 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_macos-aarch64_bin.tar.gz (sha256)
macOS Arm 64 DMG Installer	166.86 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_macos-aarch64_bin.dmg (sha256)
macOS x64 Compressed Archive	170.00 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_macos-x64_bin.tar.gz (sha256)
macOS x64 DMG Installer	169.39 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_macos-x64_bin.dmg (sha256)
Windows x64 Compressed Archive	171.81 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_windows-x64_bin.zip (sha256)
Windows x64 Installer	152.78 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_windows-x64_bin.exe (sha256)
Windows x64 MSI Installer	151.66 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/17/archive/jdk-17.0.4_windows-x64_bin.msi (sha256)

Figure 1:- Download Java Development Kit (JDK)

- Install the JDK 17.0.4 Version into the system



Figure 2: JDK Installation

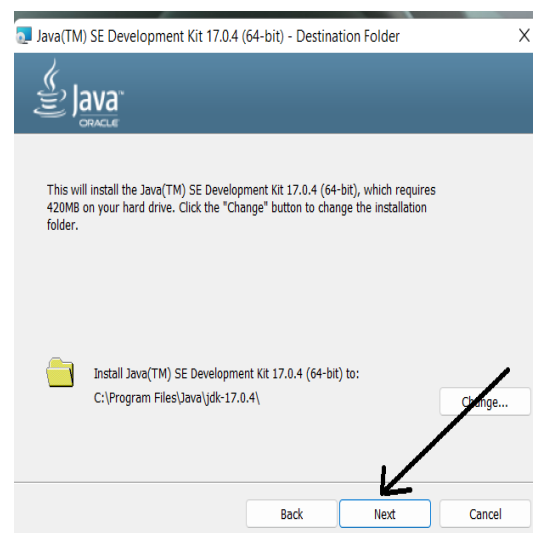


Figure 3:- Installation of JDK

4.2 Eclipse IDE Installation

- Download the Eclipse Integrated Development Environment 2022-06 from the given link [2]

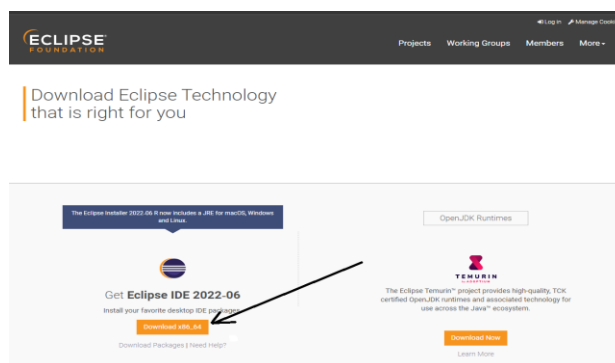


Figure 4:- Download Eclipse

- Install the download Eclipse IDE 2022-06 in system

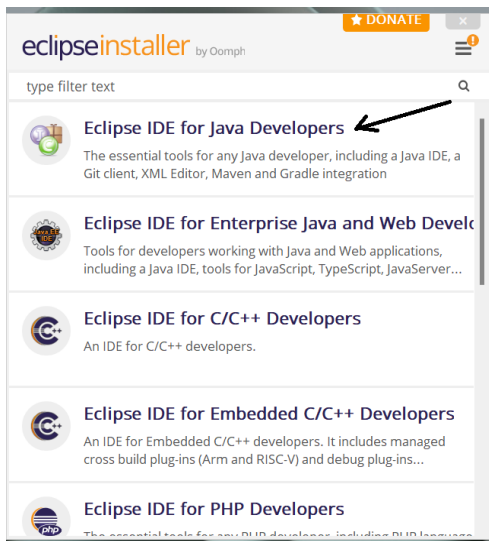


Figure 5:- Install Eclipse

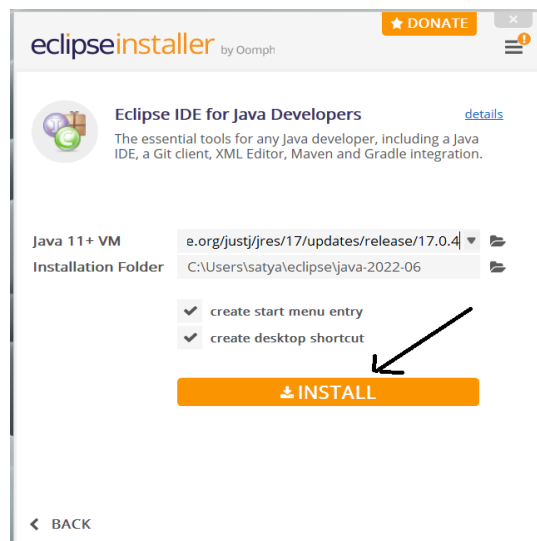


Figure 6:- Final step in Eclipse Installation

- Make Sure the java JDK version before installing Eclipse IDE
- Now open the Eclipse and create a workspace

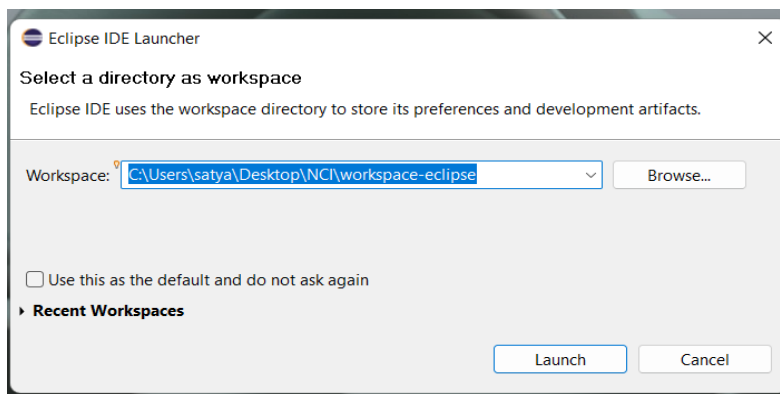


Figure 7:- Workspace Creation for Eclipse IDE

- The created workspace shouldn't be changed. Otherwise, the work done will not be available.
- Now create a new Java project in Eclipse IDE

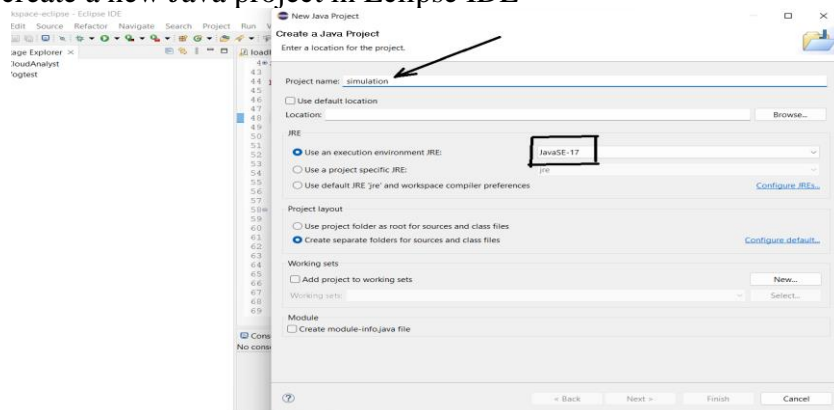


Figure 8:- The new project creation in Eclipse IDE

- Make sure the Java Version and name a project of your interest

4.3 Installation of iFogSim Simulator

- Download the . Zip file from the iFogSim GitHub [3].

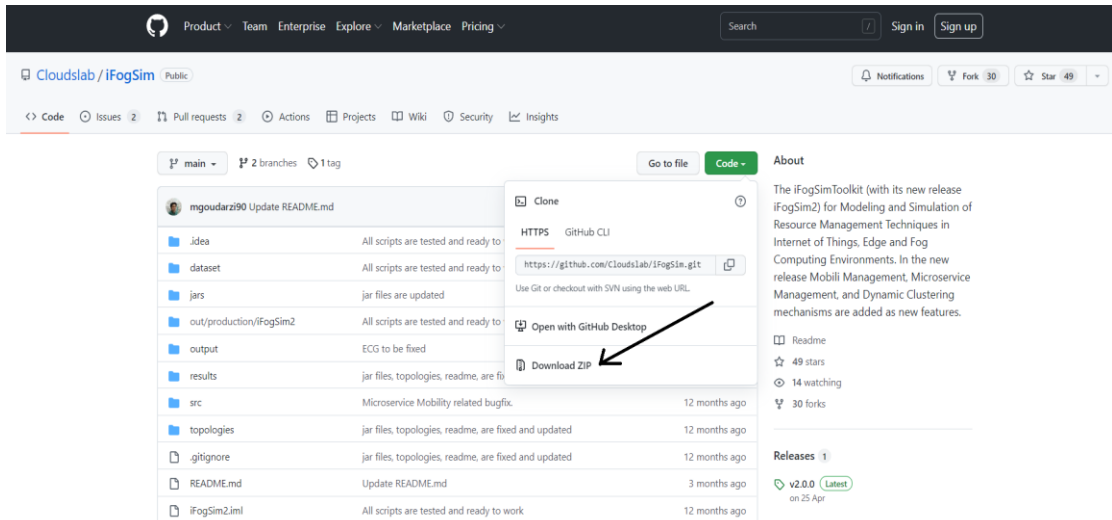


Figure 9:- Download the iFogSim file from GitHub

- Importing the downloaded file into Eclipse.

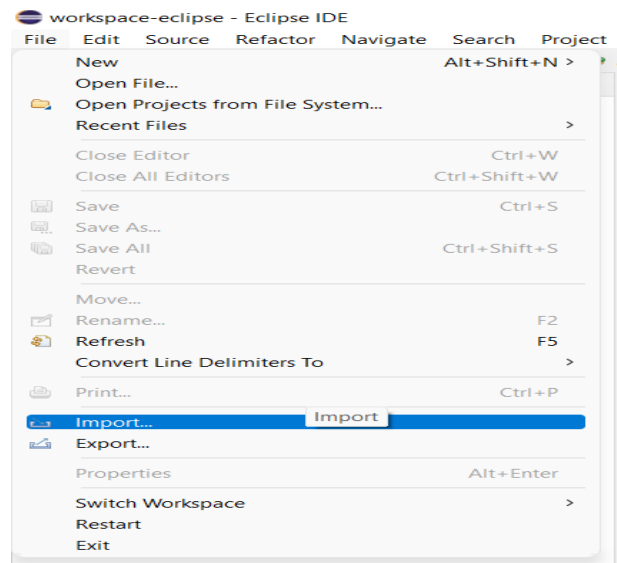


Figure 10:- Import option in Eclipse IDE

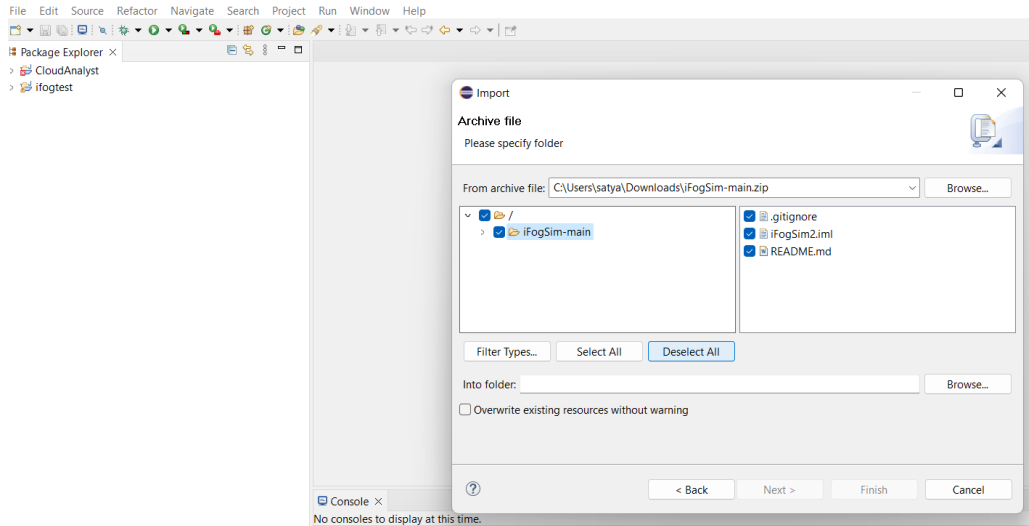


Figure 11:- Importing the iFogSim file

5 Development of Proposed Algorithm

The proposed method development and implementation explained in step by step.

5.1 Fog environment creation

- By running the fog.gui.java in Eclipse IDE, it helps for the creation of network topology for the proposed methodology.

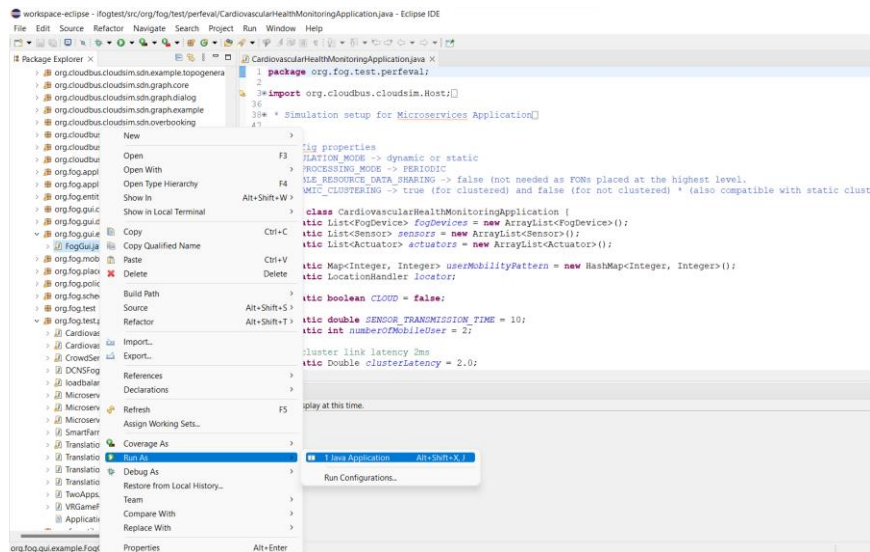


Figure 12:- Creation of the Network topology

- The topology designed
 - C :- Camera (Sensor) of Picture capture
 - Floor-Finder :- Actuator

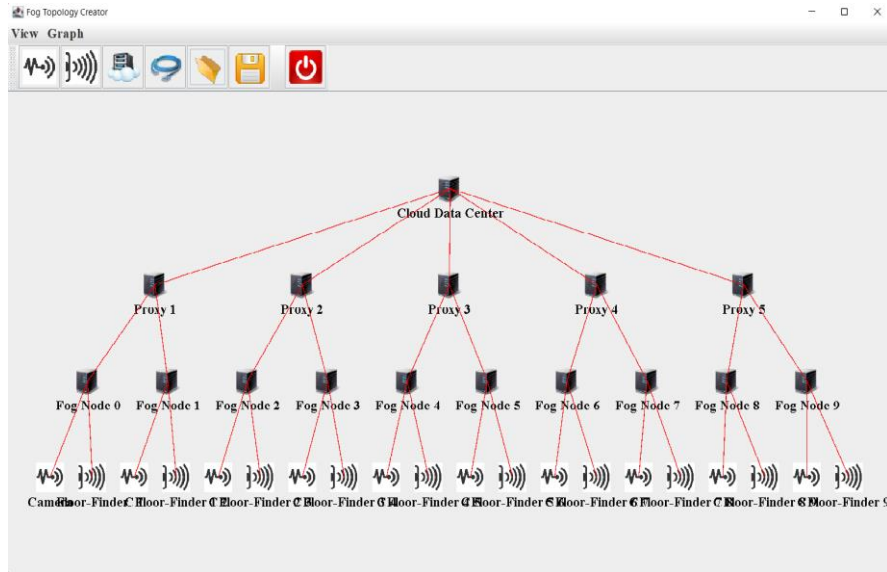


Figure 13:- Network Topology for the Proposed Method

5.2 Load Balancing Code Implementation and Creation

The proposed computation based load balancing algorithm code is shown in below figure 14.

```

workspace-eclipse - fogtest/src/org/fog/test/perfeval/loadbalancing.java - Eclipse IDE
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
Package Explorer x loadbalancing.java x
  package org.fog.test.perfeval;
  import java.util.ArrayList;
  public class loadbalancing {
    static List<FogDevice> fogDevices = new ArrayList<FogDevice>();
    static List<Sensor> sensors = new ArrayList<Sensor>();
    static List<Actuator> actuators = new ArrayList<Actuator>();
    static int numFloors = 4; // the number of fog nodes
    static int numOfCameraPerArea = 4;
    // the number of cameras per fog node.
    static double CAM_TRANSMISSION_TIME = 5; // time interval
    static boolean CLOUD = false;
    static int evenFogDeviceRam = 4000; //RAM for Even indexed Fog Nodes 0,2,4..
    static int oddFogDeviceRam = 10000; //RAM for Odd indexed Fog Nodes 1,3,5..
    static int assignedRamToFloorFinder = 10;
    //To run next high computational Fog Node when 1 Fog node is down -then assignedRamToFloorFinder > evenFogDeviceRam

    public static void main(String[] args) {
      // Here we are creating a list for fog devices.
      Log.println(Log.DEBUG, "Starting Loadbalancing...");
      try {
        Log.disable();
        int num_user = 1; // number of cloud users
        Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
        boolean trace_flag = false; // mean trace events
        CloudSim.init(num_user, calendar, trace_flag);
        String appId = "dcms"; // identifier of the application
        FogBroker broker = new FogBroker("broker");
        Application application = createApplication(appId, broker.getId()); //create Application
        application.setThreadId(broker.getId());
        int userId = broker.getId();
        if (CLOUD) {
          createFogDevicesCloud(broker.getId(), appId); //called when CLOUD is true
        }
        else { //called when CLOUD is false
          // ...
        }
      }
    }
  }

```

Figure 14:- Proposed Java Code Implementation

5.3 Network topology Simulator Output

The below Figure 15 is the simulated network topology output.

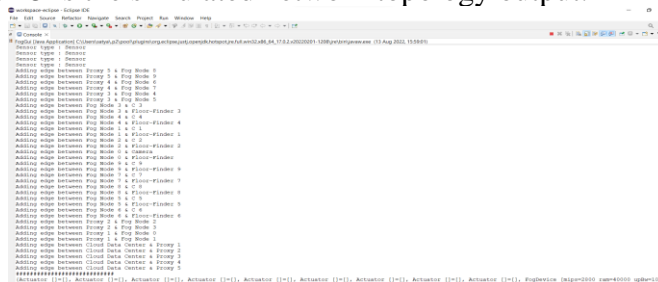


Figure 15:- Implemented Topology Output

5.4 Proposed Method Testing and Running

- Run the implemented code

```

package org.fog.test.perfeval;

import java.util.ArrayList;

class loadbalancing {
    List<FogDevice> fogDevices = new ArrayList<FogDevice>();
    List<Sensor> sensors = new ArrayList<Sensor>();
    List<Actuator> actuators = new ArrayList<Actuator>();
    int numofAreas = 4; // the number of fog nodes
    int numofCameraPerArea = 4;
    // the number of cameras per fog node.
    double CAM_TRANSDUCER_TIME = 5; // time interval
    boolean CLOUD = false;
    int evenFogDeviceBan = 8000; //Ban for Even indexed Fog Nodes 0,2,4...
    int oddFogDeviceBan = 10000; //Ban for odd indexed Fog Nodes 1,3,5...
    int assignBanToFogFinder = 10;
    // run next high computational Fog Node when 1 fog node is down - then assignedBanToFogFinder = evenFogDeviceBan

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // here we are creating a list for fog devices.
        Log.println(Log.DEBUG, "Starting loadbalancing...");
        try {
            Log.disable();
            int numuser = 1; // number of cloud users
            Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
            boolean trace_flag = false; // mean trace events
            CloudSim.init(num_user, calendar, trace_flag);
            String appid = "demo"; // identifier of the application
            FogBroker broker = new FogBroker("broker");
            Application application = createApplication(appid, broker.getAppID()); //create Application
            int userID = broker.getAppID();
            if (CLOUD) {
                createFogDeviceCloud(broker.getAppID(), appID); //called when CLOUD is true
            }
            else //called when CLOUD is false
        }
    }
}
    
```

Figure 16:- Running the Implemented Code

- After running the simulation, the outputs are showed in below figure 17 and 18. The task assigned based on the computational capacity of the fog devices.

```

Starting loadbalancing...
Floor-finder RAM 5000
AVAILABLE RAM 8000
Floor-finder RAM 5000
AVAILABLE RAM FOR LOOP 8000
APPLICATION LOOP DELAYS
Creating floor-finder on device a-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-1
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-1
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-2
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-2
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-3
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-3
0.0 Submitted application IDs
=====
APPLICATION TIME : 240
=====
APPLICATION LOOP DELAYS
=====
CAMERA, picture-capture, floor-finder, PPE_CONTROL ----> 49.7630827047818
=====
CPU EXECUTION DELAY
=====
=====
cloud : Energy Consumed = 2692214.285714285
proxy-server : Energy Consumed = 144866.59999999995
a=0 : Energy Consumed = 182447.13997499914
c-0-0 : Energy Consumed = 175030.47799999987
c-0-1 : Energy Consumed = 175030.47799999987
c-0-2 : Energy Consumed = 175030.47799999987
a=1 : Energy Consumed = 182447.13997499914
c-0-3 : Energy Consumed = 175030.47799999987
c-1-1 : Energy Consumed = 175030.47799999987
    
```

Figure 17:- The tasks assigned to nearest fog node

- In the above-plotted results in figure 17, the load on the fog node is a=2, and also the fog device has the capacity to perform the operation.

```

Starting loadbalancing...
Floor-finder RAM 5000
AVAILABLE RAM 8000
Floor-finder RAM 5000
AVAILABLE RAM FOR LOOP 8000
APPLICATION LOOP DELAYS
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-0
Module floor-finder cannot be created on device a-0
Remaining
Creating floor-finder on device a-1
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-2-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-1
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-3-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-2
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-0-2
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-1-2
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-2-2
Module floor-finder cannot be created on device a-2
Remaining
Creating floor-finder on device a-3
Creating picture-capture on device c-3-0
Creating picture-capture on device c-1-3-2
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-1
Creating picture-capture on device c-0-3
0.0 Submitted application IDs
=====
APPLICATION TIME : 410
=====
APPLICATION LOOP DELAYS
=====
CAMERA, picture-capture, floor-finder, PPE_CONTROL ----> 51.90472669319845
=====
CPU EXECUTION DELAY
=====
=====
cloud : Energy Consumed = 2692214.285714285
proxy-server : Energy Consumed = 144866.59999999995
a=0 : Energy Consumed = 166861.59999999995
a=1 : Energy Consumed = 182447.13997499914
    
```

Figure 18:- The tasks are assigned to next nearest fog node

- From the above Figure 18, the nearest fog node capacity is not enough for the performing operations. Then tasks are assigned to the next high capability of the fog node.

6 Cloud Analyst Tool

6.1 Download Cloud Analyst tool

- You can download the cloud analyst tool . Zip file from the given link [4].

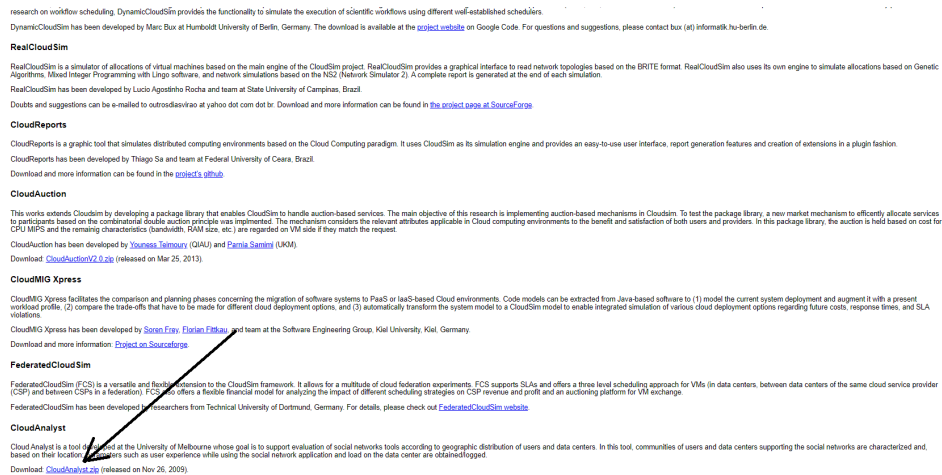


Figure 19: - Download the Cloud Analyst tool

- Extract the . Zip file and Open that file. Then run the file which was shown in below figure 20.

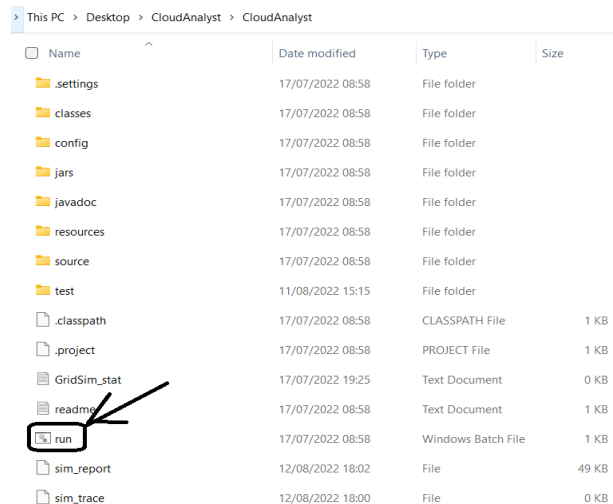


Figure 20:- Run the Tool

6.2 Regions in Cloud Analyst tool

- The division of regions in the cloud analyst toolkit is shown in below figure 21.

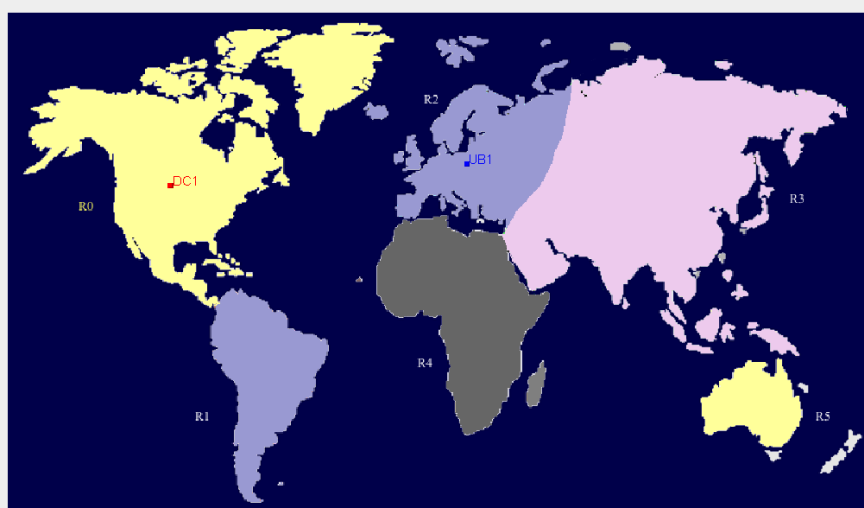


Figure 21:- The Region division in Cloud analyst tool

6.3 Configuration of User bases

- Userbases are used for the generation of traffic to the data center. The world map is divided into 6 regions and data centers are placed at different locations. Below Figure 22 shows the user base configuration.

Configure Simulation

Main Configuration | Data Center Configuration | Advanced

Simulation Duration: hours

User bases:

Name	Region	Requests per User per Hr	Data Size per Request (bytes)	Peak Hours Start (GMT)	Peak Hours End (GMT)	Avg Peak Users	Avg Off-Peak Users
UB1	3	80	100	3	9	1000	100
UB2	4	80	100	3	9	1000	100
UB3	5	80	100	3	9	1000	100
UB4	1	80	100	3	9	1000	100
UB5	3	80	100	3	9	1000	100

Service Broker Policy:

Application Deployment Configuration:

Data Center	# VMs	Image Size	Memory	BW
DC1	5	10000	512	1000
DC2	5	10000	512	1000

Buttons: Cancel, Load Configuration, Save Configuration, Done

Figure 22:- Userbases Configuration

- In the user base, the service broker policies can be configured from the drop down list.

6.4 Data Center Configuration

- Data Centers are able to perform the tasks that are generated from the userbases. Below is figure 23.

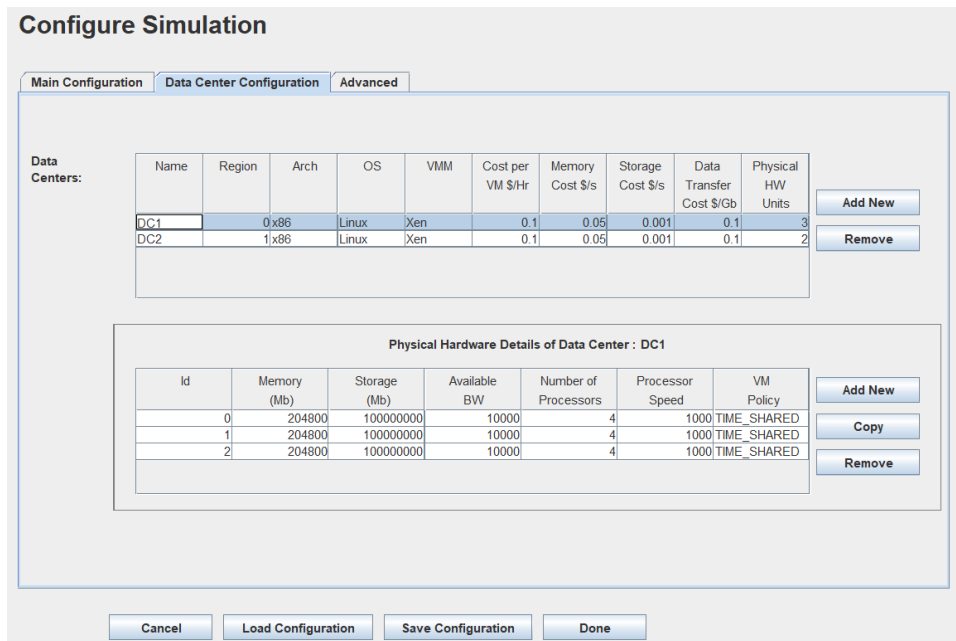


Figure 23:- Data Center Configuration

- After configuration of userbases and data centers configuration in different regions on world map. The figure is shown in below figure 23.

6.5 After the Configuration

- Configuration of user base and data centers are completed

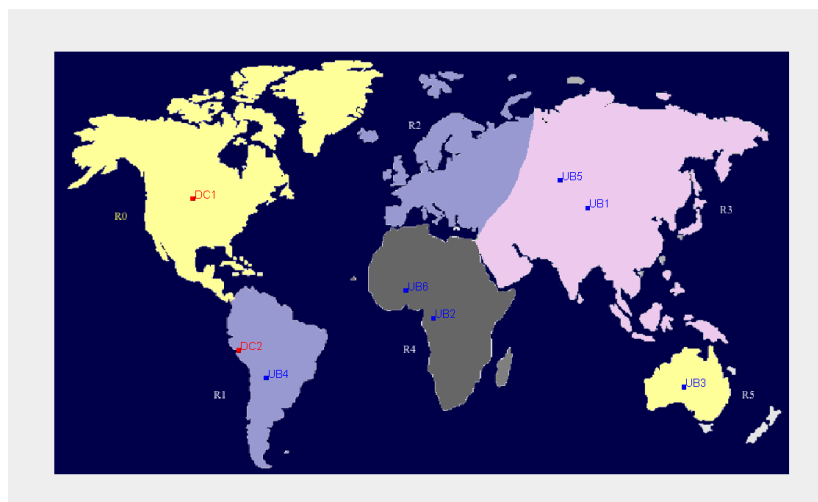


Figure 24:- Configured the Userbase and Data centers

6.6 Simulation Results

- By running the simulation results with different service broker policies and algorithms. The outputs will be shown in below figure 25 and figure 26.

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
5.0: DC1-Broker: Cloud Resource List received with 2 resource(s)
5.0: DC2-Broker: Cloud Resource List received with 2 resource(s)
5.0: DC1-Broker: Trying to Create VM #0
5.0: DC2-Broker: Trying to Create VM #0
5.0: DC1-Broker: Trying to Create VM #1
5.0: DC1-Broker: Trying to Create VM #2
5.0: DC2-Broker: Trying to Create VM #1
5.0: DC1-Broker: Trying to Create VM #3
5.0: DC1-Broker: Trying to Create VM #4
5.0: DC2-Broker: Trying to Create VM #2
5.0: DC2-Broker: Trying to Create VM #3
5.0: DC2-Broker: Trying to Create VM #4
Gathering simulation data.
UB1 finalizing. Messages sent:11265, Received:11265
UB5 finalizing. Messages sent:11352, Received:11352
DC1-Broker finalizing, submitted cloudlets=464070 processing cloudlets=1 ,allRequestsProcessed=4543280
UB6 finalizing. Messages sent:11319, Received:11319
UB6 requests sent=907923 , received=907923
UB3 finalizing. Messages sent:11358, Received:11358
UB3 requests sent=910407 , received=910407
UB2 finalizing. Messages sent:11302, Received:11302
UB4 finalizing. Messages sent:11340, Received:11340
UB2 requests sent=906776 , received=906776
got response for 1511340 but it seems to be completed.
UB5 requests sent=912340 , received=912340
UB1 requests sent=905934 , received=905934
DC2-Broker finalizing, submitted cloudlets=92967 processing cloudlets=0 ,allRequestsProcessed=910132
UB4 requests sent=910132 , received=910132
Simulation completed.
***** Vm allocations in DC1
0->185629
1->185628
2->185628
3->185628
4->185628
***** Vm allocations in DC2
0->37188
1->37188
2->37188
3->37188
4->37188
****Datacenter: DC1****
User id      Debt
0            178
1            178
2            178
3            178
4            178
****Datacenter: DC2****
User id      Debt
0            178
1            178
2            178
3            178
4            178

```

Figure 25:- The outputs in command window

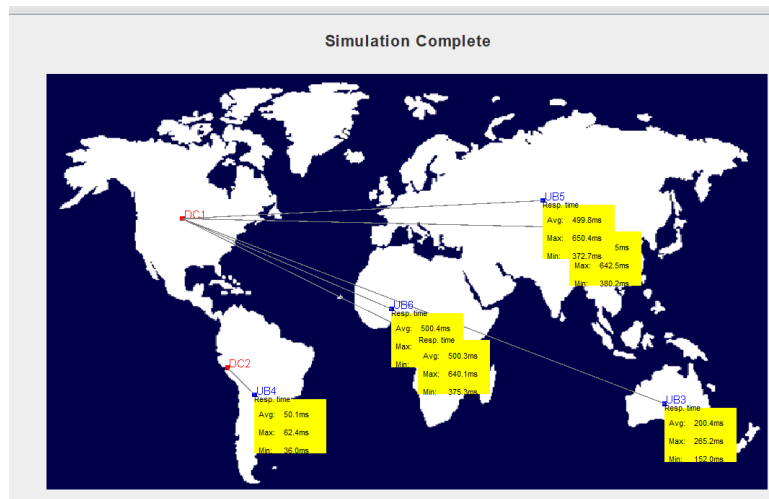


Figure 26:- The results of Cloud analyst in tool

References

- [1] “Oracle,” [Online]. Available: <https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/javase/jdk17-archive-downloads.html>. [Accessed August 2022].
- [2] “Eclipse Foundation,” Eclipse, [Online]. Available: <https://www.eclipse.org/downloads/aca>.
- [3] “Cloudslab/IfogSIM,” GitHub, [Online]. Available: <https://github.com/Cloudslab/iFogSim>.
- [4] “CloudSim: A Framework For Modeling And Simulation Of Cloud Computing Infrastructures And Services,” The Cloud Computing and Distributed Systems (CLOUDS) Laboratory, University of Melbourne, [Online]. Available: <http://www.cloudbus.org/cloudsim/>. [Accessed June 2022].