

Configuration Manual

MSc Internship Cyber Security

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National College of Ireland



MSc Project Submission Sheet

School of Computing

Student Name:	AJOMALE GBEMISOLA AYODEJI
Student ID:	
Programme	MSc Cybersecurity Year:2021
Module:	Research Project
Lecturer:	Dr. Imran Khan
Due Date:	16/12/2021
Project Title	Face Spoof Detection Using Ensemble Classifier
Word Count:	

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Configuration Manual

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INTRODUCTION

In this write-up, you will find the step-by-step guide to completely reproduce the face spoofing detection using ensemble classifier. The steps followed to demonstrate the research are listed below.

HARDWARE CONFIGURATION OF COMPUTER USED

Device specifications

Device name	DESKTOP-FNI7B07		
Processor	Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-7600U CPU @ 2.80GHz 2.90 GHz		
Installed RAM	16.0 GB (15.9 GB usable)		
Device ID	F8B8C7B5-688F-4C7C-8D45-2C490950D970		
Product ID	00330-50959-02002-AAOEM		
System type	64-bit operating system, x64-based processor		
Pen and touch	Pen and touch support with 10 touch points		

Сору

Rename this PC

Windows specifications

Edition	Windows 10 Pro
Version	20H2
Installed on	3/25/2021
OS build	19042.1165
Experience	Windows Feature Experience Pack 120.2212.3530.0

Сору

Fig 1: Configuration

The system properties of the computer system used in this research is as shown above in Fig 1. The windows

- Windows 10 Operating System
- 8GB of RAM,
- Intel(R) Core Processor with i5-7200U CPU and frequency speed at 2.50GHz 2.70 GHz.

The specification is the minimum required for running the simulation.

ENVIRONMENT SET-UP

Environment setup refers to the configuration of the computer system to a mode where the system can execute some specific commands.

PYTHON FOR WINDOWS

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Fig 2. Download of Python

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Fig 2.1 Installing Python software

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Fig 2.2 Pycharm IDE download



Fig 2.3 Pandas, Scikit-learn, numpy Python library installation via command promptr.



Fig 2.4 Keras, Sequential, Dense libraries installation

IMPLEMENTATION

DATA SOURCE

The dataset used was obtained from kaggle.



2.Start IDE



2.4 figure showing code construct of Random Forest implementation and Neural Network

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3
4 df = pd.read_csv("anti_spoofing.csv")
```

```
2.4.1 Read in dataset
```

```
print("Shape: ", df.shape)
print(list(df.columns))
print(df.head())
```

2.4.2 Print shape of dataset

```
df_cat = pd.DataFrame()
for i in list(df.columns):
    df_cat['{}_cat'.format(i)] = df[i].astype('category').copy()
    df_cat['{}_cat'.format(i)] = df_cat['{}_cat'.format(i)].cat.cod
print(df_cat.head())
```

2.4.3 Convert to machine readable format

```
print(df_cat.head())
X = np.array(df_cat.drop('class_cat', axis=1))
y = np.array(df_cat['class_cat'])
```

2.4.4 Convert data to array category

```
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
```

2.4.5 import metrics and random forest classifier from sklearn

```
kf = KFold(n_splits=5, random_state=42)
results = []
results2= []
for train_index, test_index in kf.split(X):
    X_train, X_test = X[train_index], X[test_index]
    y_train, y_test = y[train_index], y[test_index]
    model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=24)
```

2.4.6 Split data to training and testing

```
Y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(Y_train, num_classes)
Y test = keras.utils.to categorical(Y test, num classes)
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, Flatten
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D, Dropout
model = Sequential()#add model layers
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(5, 5),
                     activation='relu',
                     input shape=input shape))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
# add second convolutional layer with 20 filters
model.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
# add 2D pooling layer
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
# flatten data
model.add(Flatten())
```

2.4.7 neural network model activation

```
print("f1-score: ", np.mean(results))
print("Accuracy:",np.mean(results2))
print("Recall:", np.mean(results3))
```

2.4.7 Show evaluation and result

2.5 Figure Showing Result gotten



References

[1] <u>www.kaggle.com</u>